

Business Interoperability Specification



OpenPEPPOL AISBL



Post Award Coordinating Community

ICT - Models

BIS 1A - Catalogue



Version: 4.01 Status: In use





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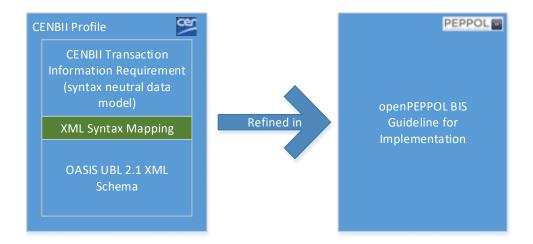


1 Introduction to openPEPPOL and BIS

This BIS is a result of work within openPEPPOL and is published as part of the PEPPOL specifications.

This PEPPOL BIS provides a set of specifications for implementing a PEPPOL business process. The document is concerned with clarifying requirements for ensuring interoperability of pan-European Public eProcurement and provides guidelines for supporting these requirements and how to implement them. This PEPPOL BIS is based on the CEN WS/BII2 "Profile BII01 Catalogue Only".

The purpose of this document is to describe a common format for the catalogue message in the European market, and to facilitate an efficient implementation and increased use of electronic collaboration regarding the sourcing process based on this format.



1.1 Audience

The audience for this document is organizations wishing to be PEPPOL enabled for exchanging electronic catalogues, and/or their ICT-suppliers. These organizations may be:

- Service providers
- Contracting Authorities
- Economic Operators
- Software Developers

More specifically it is addressed towards the following roles:

- ICT Architects
- ICT Developers
- Business Experts

For further information on PEPPOL/OpenPEPPOL, please see [COMMON BIS]



2 References

[PEPPOL] http://www.peppol.eu/

[PEPPOL_EIA] http://www.peppol.eu/peppol_components/peppol-eia/eia

[PEPPOL_PostAward] http://www.peppol.eu/peppol_components/peppol-eia/eia#ict-architecture/post-award-

eprocurement/models

[PEPPOL Transp] http://www.peppol.eu/peppol components/peppol-eia/eia#ict-architecture/transport-

infrastructure/models

[CEN_BII] http://www.cen.eu/cwa/bii/specs

[CEN_BII2] http://www.cenbii.eu [COMMON BIS] To be developed

[BII_Cataloge] ftp://ftp.cen.eu/public/CWAs/BII2/CWA16561/CWA16561-Annex-A-BII-Profile-01-CatalogueOnly-

V2_0_0.pdf

[BII CatalogueModel] A browsable HTML version:

http://spec.cenbii.eu/BII2/fxhtml/Trdm019-

Catalogue/g_1.htm?http://spec.cenbii.eu/BII2/fxhtml/Trdm019-Catalogue/g_5.htm

[UBL] http://docs.oasis-open.org/ubl/os-UBL-2.1/UBL-2.1.html

[UBL_Catalogue] http://docs.oasis-open.org/ubl/os-UBL-2.1/xsd/maindoc/UBL-Catalogue-2.1.xsd

[Schematron] http://www.schematron.com [XSLT] http://www.w3.org/TR/xslt20/

[DIR_2006/112/EC] Council Directive 2006/112/EC of 28 November 2006 on the common system of value added tax,

found at:

http://eurlex.europa.eu/LexUriServ/LexUriServ.do?uri=CELEX:32006L0112:EN:NOT

[EIF] European Interoperability Framework 2.0, found at:

http://ec.europa.eu/isa/library/index_en.htm

http://ec.europa.eu/isa/documents/isa_annex_ii_eif_en.pdf

[GS1 Keys] http://www.gs1.org/barcodes/technical/id_keys



3 Document history

3.1 Revision history

Version	Date	Author	Organization	Description
1.00	30.04.2010	Peter Borresen	ebConnect	First version pending EC approval)
1.01	01.10.2010	Klaus Vilstrup Pedersen	DIFI	EC approval
2.00	29.11.2010	Leonardo Bertini	Consip	Second version (pending EC
				approval)
3.0	25.01.2012	Bergthor Skulason	NITA	3 rd version
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4.01	10.03.2016	Siw Midtgård Meckelborg	Difi	Minor editorial changes, see
				changelog

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4 Principles and prerequisites

4.1 Business Process in scope

This PEPPOL BIS supports a process for suppliers to send a catalogue and for buyers to return a catalogue response. It is intended to support transmission of electronic catalogue-messages for processing in semi-automated processes by the receiver. The BIS mandates no procurement related data but supports different ways of referring to products and services. By selective use of such references it can be used as basis for automated processing of ordering and invoicing.

The intended scope for this BIS is:

- B2B and B2G
- Common business processes for cross industry and cross border procurement
- Regional procurement within EU and EEA
- For supporting purchase of goods and services and/or services that can be itemized.

This PEPPOL BIS supports a set of "common use cases / process". These are processes that are used widely or understood as being relevant for most companies.

The main activities supported by this BIS are:

- Description of goods and services
- Maintaining content of framework contract
- ltem comparison
- Item dependency and composition
- Description of packaging and storage requirements
- VAT classification
- Item instance description
- Maintenance of catalogue

This PEPPOL BIS supports requirements by providing elements for information needed to meet the requirement. This BIS also provides a set of business rules to clarify content and implementers can use them as basis for validation where it provides business value.

4.2 PEPPOL BIS 1A - Benefits

Catalogues are used as basis for maintenance of information about products and services that are part of a contract, like a framework agreement.

- The buyer (or a catalogue provider on his behalf) can present the information in a web shop where he can ensure correctness of product description, prices and other terms that may apply.
- The supplier can provide the customer with correct information at all times and ensure high data quality in orders based on the catalogue he prepares.
- Implementing the catalogue provides the possibility of designing fully automated purchasing flows in which the electronic documents can be validated and matched automatically, thereby saving resources compared to manual processing.
- Implementation of a catalogue can be the first step in automating the purchasing process followed by an order and an invoice, leading to entire purchasing process running from sourcing, ordering and invoicing to payment.
- Buyers can accept or reject the catalogue using a catalogue response

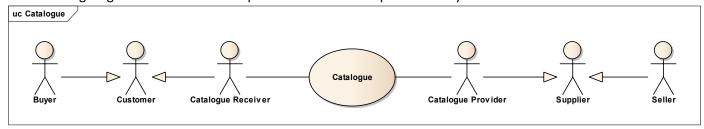


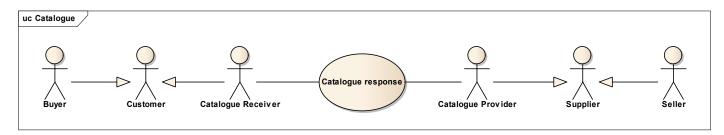
This PEPPOL BIS is based on the CEN/ISSS WS/BII Profile BII01 specification, see [BII_Catalogue].

4.3 Parties and roles

Business partners	Description
Customer	The customer is the legal person or organization who is in demand of a
	product or service.
	Examples of customer roles: buyer, consignee, debtor, contracting authority.
Supplier	The supplier is the legal person or organization who provides a product
	or service.
	Examples of supplier roles: seller, consignor, creditor, economic operator.
Role/actor	Description
Catalogue Provider	Represents a party sending catalogues to receivers, being the supplier
	or on behalf of the supplier. The Catalogue Provider has to ensure that the
	latest catalogue is sent to the receiver.
Catalogue Receiver	Represents a party receiving catalogues and sending the request how and
	what parts of the catalogues have to be updated in an update
	process.
Buyer	The buyer is the legal person or organization acting on behalf of the
	customer and who buys or purchases the goods or services.
Seller	The seller is the legal person or organization acting on behalf of the
	supplier and who sells goods or services to the customer.

The following diagram links the business processes to the roles performed by the Business Partners:







Business requirements

5.1 Process requirements

ID	Requirement
bpr01-071	The catalogue should be regarded as the Sellers standing offer, and the Seller is thereby obligated to supply the catalogue items according to the terms identified in the catalogue.
bpr01-072	Catalogue transactions are subordinate to the contracts/agreements on which they are based.
bpr01-073	The Seller is obligated to provide catalogue transactions updating items when item attributes change in the targeted catalogue, according to agreements.
bpr01-074	The receiver can reject a transaction if it does not conform to the agreement under which the transaction is delivered.
bpr01-075	A receiver must accept and implement a transaction if it conforms to an agreement.
bpr01-055	The Catalogue Provider sends a transaction to establish or maintain a catalogue at the Catalogue Receiver side.
bpr01-052	The Catalogue Receiver has to confirm that he received the catalogue and that he accepts or rejects the catalogue, by sending a Catalogue response message, in order to testify on the business level that the provided catalogue complies with the agreement under which the catalogue is provided.
bpr01-051	It is the Catalogue Provider's responsibility that data contained in the catalogue transaction is valid from a technical as well as a business point of view, as, it is the task of the Catalogue Provider to gather and to compile the data for the catalogue at the selling side.
bpr01-054	It is the Catalogue Receiver's responsibility to compile received catalogue transactions into a catalogue, as it is the task of the Catalogue Receiver to incorporate the catalogue data in the procurement systems at the buying side.
bpr01-060	It is the Catalogue Receivers responsibility that data contained in the response transaction is valid from a technical as well as a business point of view, as it is his responsibility to confirm the reception of the catalogue.
bpr01-061	It is the Catalogue Providers responsibility to compile received responses into his system.



5.2 Information requirements

5.2.1 Catalogue transaction business requirements

5.2.1.1 General

ID	Requirement
tbr19-058	All transaction (catalogue and responses) must contain all information necessary for its application i.e. it shall not rely on the availability of external references such as a centralised repository of item information. To ease the processing of a catalogue or a response, as no external data sources are needed.
tbr19-059	It must be possible to check the integrity and authentication of the information content and to audit these aspects of the content. To check that the catalogue or the response is authentic.

5.2.1.2 Header

ID	Requirement
tbr19-071	A catalogue transaction must contain an identifier for the catalogue it represents or updates
tbr19-001	An indicator for the catalogue revision may be specified. To support updating the
	catalogue after the first submission a revision indicator is sometimes needed to
	differentiate the catalogue versions. This indicator ensures the catalogue provider (CP) and
	catalogue receiver (CR) always refer to the correct and valid version of the catalogue.
tbr19-002	It must be possible to specify a name of the catalogue. Some catalogues have a special name used in the common communication. Sometimes the name refers to a special event
11.40.002	the catalogue is created for.
tbr19-003	It must be possible to specify the period of time the catalogue is valid. A catalogue
	without a stated validity period is assumed to be valid until it is cancelled. Sometimes products are
	offered only for a certain period of time or the prices for the product are assured to be fixed by the
	CP only during this period of time.
tbr19-006	It must be possible to specify the contract on which the catalogue is based on.
	Sometimes a catalogue is provided according to a contract, e.g., a framework agreement (FWA). In
	such a FWA further requirements on the catalogue may be specified. A catalogue transaction either
	refers to one contract/agreement or none.
tbr19-007	The party providing the catalogue must be specified. To check, if the catalogue
	comes from or is sent on behalf of the right CP. The party may be the supplier or a dedicated third
	party acting on behalf of the supplier.
tbr19-010	The party receiving the catalogue must be specified. To check, if the catalogue
	sent to the same CR as specified in the catalogue.
tbr19-015	It must be possible to specify who offers the items described in the catalogue and
	how this party can be contacted (mail, e-mail, phone, etc.). Only one supplier is allowed to be
	specified. As the catalogue provider can differ from the supplier itself, e.g., the supplier outsourced
	all catalogue services to a catalogue provider, the supplier has to be specified as well. This party is
	the actual Economic Operator the Contracting Authority is doing business with.
tbr19-062	A catalogue must have information that makes it possible to reference specific
	instances of the catalogue.
tbr19-066	The party that sells the products that are listed in the catalogue must be identifiable with information including name, address, identifiers as well as contact information.
tbr19-067	The party that is allowed to buy the products that are listed in the catalogue must
	be identifiable with information including name and identifiers as well as contact information.
tbr19-075	It must be possible to specify whether a catalogue is new, to be updated or to be replaced.



5.2.1.3 Item

ID	Requirement
tbr19-040	An item in a Product or Service Catalogue must have a name and be uniquely
	identifiable by at least one single language-independent token. This includes such id provided by
	the CP itself as well as a manufacturer's id and an id coming from standard identification schemes.
	Ensure that the item can be referenced, e.g., in the order. The id can be used in the order, which
	makes it easier to process the order by the supplier and helps to deliver the correct item that was
	ordered by the buyer.
tbr19-050	It must be possible to specify how the item has to be processed by the catalogue
	receiver. This includes the following options: adding the item to the catalogue, replacing an existing
	item in a catalogue sent before, and deleting an item in a catalogue sent before. If no action is
	specified it has to be considered as a new item. It is intended to provide a synchronization
	mechanism between the catalogue of the catalogue provider and the catalogue receiver.
tbr19-041	It must be possible to specify the period of time the item is valid. If no validity
	period is specified, the item description is valid until it is cancelled. The same as in tbr19-003, but on
	the item level. This allows to have items with different validity periods in the same catalogue.
11-40-040	Otherwise, for every a validity period a separate catalogue would need to be provided.
tbr19-018	It must be possible to refer an item to the corresponding classes from one or more
	classification systems. Often, the usage of a classification system, e.g., CPV, UNSPSC, eCl@ss, or GS1
	GPC, is mandatory or widely used in practice. By this requirement, it should be possible to use any
tbr19-019	classification systems mandated by Contracting Authorities or legal frameworks.
10119-019	It must be possible to specify the (semantic) relationships and cardinalities between different items in the catalogue. In particular, in must be possible to
	specify part-of relationships and required (additional) items. Some items are not offered by a supplier
	individually. They are either only useful together with another item or refer in some manner to a
	specific item. Examples for such items are accessories belonging to and only applicable with another
	item or replacement
	items to replace broken components of an item. (In future version of BII other
tbr19-042	relationships may be added, e.g., replacement items, complementary items, or accessories.) It must be possible to specify, if and how an item can be ordered. This includes
10119-042	allowed units of measure, order sizes, minimal and maximal order sizes, etc. Due to restriction from
	the production process or to simplify or to limit the costs of the ordering and logistics process the
	order size is restricted. Thus, the buyer needs information to place a correct order that is not denied
	by the supplier.
tbr19-023	It must be possible to specify how the delivered items will be packaged. To
	indicate from which number of ordered order units this package unit will be delivered.
tbr19-029	It must be possible to specify hazard indicators for an item by any indicator
	system. If an item can be a danger to people or the environment, so called hazardous goods,
	often legal requirements demand that such items have indicators to indicate the danger that
	come from this item. Furthermore, such items require special handling in the logistics process.
tbr19-030	It must be possible to specify logistic conditions and other needed service
	information on how the item will be delivered. This includes information on maximum and
	minimum storage temperature, information needed for cross-border logistics processes. To define
	the work or services to be done for each package unit along the supply chain.
tbr19-033	It must be possible to specify the manufacturer of the item. In particular, for the case where the
tbr19-034	supplier is different from the manufacturer of the item. It must be possible to specify how the item is priced, and what VAT percentage
10113-034	applies. This includes factors that have influence on the price as well as relationships to other parts
	of the catalogue that may have impact on the price.
	The price is not always fixed, but dependent on many factors, e.g., order size,
	delivery region (down to the city level), allowance, charges, currency, etc. Prices must not be
	negative.
tbr19-046	The price specification must allow to compare the prices of different items within the catalogue as



ID	Requirement
	well as across catalogues. To allow the comparison of the price of different items. Helps the buyer to make the buying decision.
tbr19-048	It must be possible to specify the period of time an item price is valid. If no validity period is specified, the price is valid until cancelled. The same as in tbr19-003, but on the item level. This allows to have items with different validity periods in the same catalogue. This does not mean, that the item will expire. It only means, that after this period the item has to be ordered for a different price.
tbr19-049	It must be possible to specify a delivery location on line level, with address, city,
	post code, etc., so that all details on each line are dependent on this location, including price, tax and other specifications. Needed to support the buying decision, to see how much has to be paid in the end.
tbr19-035	It must be possible to provide information on the product marking, e.g., to indicate that environmental or social requirements on the item production were followed. Procurement managers need information about environmental marking applicable for a given item in order to ensure that environmental, ecological, food safety and basic human rights aspects were respected. On the other side, sales managers wish to provide this kind of information, e.g., for marketing purposes.
tbr19-043	It must be possible to specify if and when an item becomes obsolete. This allows
	the suppliers to indicate that an item is not produced and delivered any more or until a certain point in time. By giving this information, it is prevented that the buyer orders items that will not be delivered any more. This requirement has a different meaning than tbr19-048. Tbr19-048 concerns the validity of the price. In tbr19-043 the "validity" refers on the item, i.e., product or service, when it will not be available. This means, the item itself will not be available and delivered by the supplier
	any more (to any condition).
tbr19-044	It must be possible to specify a description of the item or where such a description can be found. To provide a written text describing the item. May be helpful for the buyer to order the items fitting his needs best.
tbr19-045	It must be possible to specify keywords for an item. To support searching for an item by the buyer, so that the item can be found easier and faster that fits his needs best.
tbr19-047	It must be possible to specify warranty information for the item. Sometimes suppliers offer specific warranties for their items that may be important for the buyer. Providing such information supports the buying decision.
tbr19-063	A catalogue must have information that makes it possible to reference individual catalogue lines.
tbr19-064	A catalogue line must provide for an indicator that clearly states whether the line item can be ordered according to the information given in the line.
tbr19-065	A catalogue line must provide for additional information about items in the form of attachments and external references.
tbr19-068	It must be possible to specify a manufacturing date, a best before date and an expiry date (last date when product may be used or consumed) for an item.
tbr19-069	It must be possible to specify serial numbers, batch numbers and lot numbers for an item.
tbr19-070	It must be possible to include or reference (e.g. by means of a URI) the main image for an item.
tbr19-072	In addition to part-of relationships and required (additional) items there is also a need to identify replaced item. In cases where an old item is replaced by a new one this is frequently reflected in the catalogue by deleting the old item and adding the new item. The new item should then have a reference to the old (replaced) item.
tbr19-073	Products are frequently sold with optional accessories. In addition to part-of relationships and required (additional) items there is also a need to identify these optional accessories in the catalogue.
tbr19-076	It must be possible to state the country of origin for an item.
tbr19-077	It must be possible to indicate that the item is part of a contractual arrangement.



5.2.1.4 Item Property

ID	Requirement
tbr19-038	It must be possible to specify any additional properties of the item not covered by
	the message itself. Allows to enhance the description of the item and helps this way, inter alia, the
	buyer to order the item that fits his needs best.
tbr19-037	It must be possible to refer an item property to any property from a product/service classification system, using standardized and predefined properties from accepted standards. Such predefined properties help to improve the description of an offered item, and thus helps the buyer to order the correct item, the item that fits his needs best.
tbr19-039	If an item property is specified, a specific value has to be specified for this item
	property. The specified value has to hold true for the corresponding item. The specification of a
	concrete value helps to ensure that the buyer orders the item that fits his needs best.

5.2.2 Catalogue Response transaction information requirements

5.2.2.1 General

ID	Requirement
tbr58-058	All transactions (catalogues and responses) must contain all information necessary for its application, i.e. it shall not rely on the availability of external references such as a
	centralized repository of item information. To ease the processing of a catalogue or a response, as
	no external data sources are needed.
tbr58-059	It must be possible to check the integrity and authentication of the information content and to audit these aspects of the content. To check that the catalogue or the response is authentic.

5.2.2.2 Header

ID	Requirement	
tbr58-061	A Catalogue Response must have an id, an issue date and optionally an issue time.	
tbr58-062	A Catalogue Response must refer to the id of the catalogue transaction it is responding to.	
tbr58-053	In the case of rejection, the reason for the rejection has to be specified. The	
	Catalogue Receiver can reject a transaction if it does not conform to the agreement under which	
	the catalogue is delivered. By proving the information about the rejection, the Catalogue	
	Provider will be enabled to correct the catalogue.	
tbr58-056	The issuer of the response has to be specified. This is the Catalogue Receiver. To	
	check, if the response comes from the correct Catalogue Receiver.	
tbr58-057	The receiver of the response has to be specified. The receiver is the Catalogue	
	Provider. To check, if the response was sent to the correct Catalogue Provider.	
tbr58-060	The Catalogue Response may contain textual notes that may be used to make	
	any comments or instructions relevant to the response.	

5.3 Specific OpenPEPPOL requirements

ID:	Business term:	Description:
	HEADER LEVEL:	
OP-T19-019	General payment condition	A Catalogue must support the use of general payment condition.
OP-T19-021	Buyers contact person ID	A catalogue must support the use of ID for buyers contact person. Normally used for "Your reference".



ID:	Business term:	Description:
OP-T19-028	Party legal entity for	A catalogue must support the use of party legal entity for
	provider	provider. Used to specify the legal entity of the provider.
OP-T19-029	Postal address for provider	In order to specify exactly who is the provider, the postal
		address for provider party must be supported in a catalogue
OP-T19-030	Party legal entity for receiver	A catalogue must support the use of party legal entity for
		receiver. Used to specify the legal entity of the receiver.
OP-T19-031	Postal address for receiver	In order to specify exactly who is the receiver, the postal
		address for receiver party must be supported in a catalogue
OP-T19-032	Issue date for referenced	A catalogue must support the use of issuedate for the
	contract	referenced contract.
	LINE LEVEL:	
OP-T19-014	Maximum storage humidity	A catalogue must support the use of maximum storage
		humidity.
OP-T19-015	Minimum storage humidity	A catalogue must support the use of minimum storage
		humidity
OP-T19-016	Package volume	A catalogue must support the use of package volume
OP-T19-017	Package net weight exact	A catalogue must support the use of exact net weight for
		package
OP-T19-037	Package net weight	A catalogue must support the use of approximately net weight
	approximately	for package
OP-T19-038	Dimension description	A catalogue must support the use of description for
		dimension. Used for differentiating dimensions with same
		attributeID.
OP-T19-018	Brand Name	A catalogue must support the use of brand name for an item
OP-T19-020	Minimum quantity	A catalogue must support the use of minimum quantity of an
	guarantied for delivery	item guaranteed in a delivery
OP-T19-022	@name for	A catalogue must support the name of the Item classification
	ItemClassificationCode	code
OP-T19-024	Base Quantity	A catalogue must support base quantity for the stated price
OP-T19-035	Orderable Unit Factor Rate	A catalogue must support the use of the factor used to
		convert Base Quantity into Orderable Unit
OP-T19-027	Transaction conditions	A catalogue must support the use of transaction conditions
OP-T19-036	Contract subdivision	A catalogue must support the use of contract subdivision.
		Used to reference a subsection of a contract
OP-T19-025	Quantity threshold	A catalogue must support the use of threshold for quantity.
		Used to indicate the threshold quantity for the given price.
OP-T19-026	Quantity ceiling	A catalogue must support the use of quantity ceiling. Used to
		indicate maximum quantity for given price.



6 Code lists

6.1 Code lists for coded elements

Table of the code lists used in the Catalogue transaction:

Business Term	Source	Subset	Xpath	listID
Action Code on Line level	CEN BII2		cac:CatalogueLine/cbc:ActionCode	ACTIONCODE:BII2
Action Code on Header	PEPPOL		/Catalogue/cbc:ActionCode	ACTIONCODE:PEPPOL
Level				Values
				Add – Used when a catalogue is sent for
				the first time to the Catalogue Receiver.
				Replace – Replaces the entire catalogue
				referring to the contract.
				Update – Updates a current catalogue.
				Delete – Deletes a current catalogue.
Country Code	ISO 3166-1 alpha2		cac:Country/cbc:Identificationcode	ISO3166-1:Alpha2
Unit Of Measure	UN/ECE Rec 20		@unitCode	UNECERec20
			cbc:OrderableUnit	Note: Use this list identifier in the
				attribute unitCodelistID
Package Level Code	GS1 7009	PEPPOL	cbc:PackageLevelCode	GS17009:PEPPOL
				Values
				CU – Base Unit level
				DU – Pallet level
				TU – Case level
				HN – Handling Unit
UNDG Code	UN EDIFACT 8273		cbc:UNDGCode	UNCL8273
Transport Handling Unit	UN/ECE Rec 21		cbc:TransportHandlingUnitTypeCod	UNECERec21
Type Code			e	
Currency Code	ISO 4217		@currencyID	ISO4217
				Note: Do not validate list identifier.
Response code	UN CEFACT 4343	PEPPOL	cbc:ResponseCode	UNCL4343
				Values
				AP - Accepted
				RE - Rejected

6.1.1 Code lists

CEN BII2 subsets

ftp://ftp.cen.eu/public/CWAs/BII2/CWA16558/CWA16558-Annex-G-BII-CodeLists-V2 0 4.pdf

ISO 3166-1 alpha2:

http://www.iso.org/iso/home/standards/country_codes.htm

UN/ECE Rec 20:

http://www.unece.org/cefact/recommendations/rec20/rec20 rev4E 2006.xls

UNEDIFACT 8273

http://www.unece.org/trade/untdid/d08a/tred/tred8273.htm

ISO 4217

http://www.currency-iso.org/dam/downloads/dl iso table a1.xml

UN/EDIFACT 6313

http://www.unece.org/fileadmin/DAM/trade/edifact/code/6313cl.htm

UNEDIFACT 4343



6.2 Code lists for identifier schemes

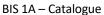
The table of the code lists below describes constrains for the values of schemeID for identifiers in the Catalogue transaction. schemeID indicates what type of identifier is used (for example the type of numbering system) (Mandatory)

Business Term	Allowed SchemeID	Applicable Xpath	Note
Party Identifier	See "PEPPOL Policy for using Identifiers"	cbc:EndpointID/@schemeID cac:PartyIdentification/cbc:ID/@schemeI D	Check allowed scheme identifiers
Attribute Identifier	UNCL6313	cbc:AttibuteID	Check the scheme identifier is UNCL6313 and the attribute identifiers belong to the list.
Tax Category Identifier	Use <u>UNECE5305 CEN BII2</u> subset.	cac:ClassifiedTaxCategory/cbc:ID	Note: Validate the ID with the code list provided by CEN BII2. SchemeID attribute must be UNCL5305

7 Business Rules

7.1 Catalogue business rules

Rule ID	Rule	error level
BII2-T19-R001	A catalogue MUST have a customization identifier	fatal
BII2-T19-R002	A catalogue MUST have a profile identifier	fatal
BII2-T19-R003	A catalogue MUST contain the date of issue	fatal
BII2-T19-R004	A catalogue MUST contain the catalogue document identifier	fatal
BII2-T19-R006	A validity period end date MUST be later or equal to a validity period start date if both validity	fatal
	period end date and validity period start date are present	
BII2-T19-R007	The party providing the catalogue MUST be specified	fatal
BII2-T19-R008	The party receiving the catalogue MUST be specified	fatal
BII2-T19-R009	A catalogue MUST have maximum one catalogue supplier	fatal
BII2-T19-R010	A catalogue provider MUST contain the full name or an identifier	fatal
BII2-T19-R011	A catalogue receiver MUST contain the full name or an identifier	fatal
BII2-T19-R012	A catalogue supplier MUST contain the full name or an identifier	fatal
BII2-T19-R013	A catalogue customer MUST contain the full name or an identifier	fatal
BII2-T19-R015	Prices of items MUST not be negative	fatal
BII2-T19-R017	Catalogue line validity period MUST be within the range of the whole catalogue validity	warning
	period	
BII2-T19-R018	Price validity period MUST be within the range of the whole catalogue line validity period	warning
BII2-T19-R019	An item in a catalogue line SHOULD have a name	warning
BII2-T19-R020	An item in a catalogue line MUST be uniquely identifiable by at least one of the following:	fatal
	- Catalogue Provider identifier	
	- Standard identifier	
BII2-T19-R021	Standard Identifiers SHOULD contain the Schema Identifier (e.g. GTIN)	warning
BII2-T19-R022	Classification codes SHOULD contain the Classification scheme Identifier (e.g. CPV or UNSPSC)	warning
BII2-T19-R023	A catalogue MUST have at least one catalogue line	fatal
BII2-T19-R024	A catalogue line MUST contain a unique line identifier	fatal
BII2-T19-R026	Orderable quantities MUST be greater than zero	fatal
BII2-T19-R027	An item property data name MUST specify a data value	fatal
BII2-T19-R029	Maximum quantity MUST be greater than zero	warning
BII2-T19-R030	Minimum quantity MUST be greater than zero	warning





Rule ID	Rule	error level
BII2-T19-R031	Maximum quantity MUST be greater or equal to the Minimum quantity	warning
EUGEN-T19-R043	An endpoint identifier MUST have a scheme identifier attribute	fatal
EUGEN-T19-R044	A party identifier MUST have a scheme identifier attribute	fatal
EUGEN-T19-R045	A catalogue line action code MUST have a list identifier attribute "ACTIONCODE:BII2"	fatal
EUGEN-T19-R046	A catalogue header action code MUST have a list identifier attribute "ACTIONCODE:PEPPOL"	fatal
EUGEN-T19-R047	A country identification code MUST have a list identifier attribute "ISO3166-1:Alpha2"	fatal
EUGEN-T19-R048	A unit code attribute MUST have a unit code list identifier attribute "UNECERec20"	fatal
EUGEN-T19-R049	A classified tax category identifier MUST have a scheme identifier attribute "UNCL5305"	fatal
EUGEN-T19-R050	A package level code MUST have a list identifier attribute "GS17009:PEPPOL"	fatal
EUGEN-T19-R051	A UNDG code MUST have a list identifier attribute "UNCL8273"	fatal
EUGEN-T19-R053	An attribute identifier MUST have an scheme identifier "UNCL6313"	fatal

7.2 Catalogue response business rules

RuleID	Rule	error level
BII2-T58-R001	A catalogue response MUST have a profile identifier	fatal
BII2-T58-R002	A catalogue response MUST have a customization identifier	fatal
BII2-T58-R003	A catalogue response MUST contain the date of issue	fatal
BII2-T58-R004	A catalogue response MUST contain the response identifier	fatal
BII2-T58-R005	The party sending the catalogue response MUST be specified	fatal
BII2-T58-R006	The party receiving the catalogue response MUST be specified	fatal
BII2-T58-R007	A catalogue response sending party MUST contain the full name or an identifier	fatal
BII2-T58-R008	A catalogue response receiving party MUST contain the full name or an identifier	fatal
BII2-T58-R009	A catalogue rejection MUST contain a response decision	fatal
BII2-T58-R010	A catalogue response MUST contain a reference to the corresponding catalogue	fatal
EUGEN-T58-R001	An endpoint identifier MUST have a scheme identifier attribute	fatal
EUGEN-T58-R002	A party identifier MUST have a scheme identifier attribute	fatal
EUGEN-T58-R003	A response code MUST have a list identifier attribute "UNCL4343"	fatal

7.3 Code lists business rules

Rule ID	Rule	Error level
CL-T19-001	The action code for a catalogue line MUST be Add, Update or Delete if present	fatal
CL-T19-002	For Mime code in attribute use MIME Media Type	fatal
CL-T19-004	Tax categories MUST be coded using UN/ECE 5305 code list	fatal
OP-T19-001	Country codes in a catalogue MUST be coded using ISO code list 3166-1 alpha2	fatal
OP-T19-002	Unit code MUST be coded according to the UN/ECE Recommendation 20	fatal
OP-T19-003	UNDG MUST be coded according to the UN EDIFACT 8273 code list	fatal
OP-T19-005	An Endpoint Identifier Scheme MUST be from the list of PEPPOL Party Identifiers.	fatal
OP-T19-006	An Party Identifier Scheme MUST be from the list of PEPPOL Party Identifiers	fatal
OP-T19-007	An action code at header level MUST be from the PEPPOL action code list.	fatal
OP-T19-008	A package level code MUST be from the PEPPOL subset of GS1 7009 code list.	fatal
OP-T19-009	An attribute identifier MUST be from the UN EDIFACT 6313 code list.	fatal
OP-T19-010	Orderable unit code MUST be coded according to the UN/ECE Recommendation 20	fatal
OP-T19-011	Currency ID MUST be coded using ISO code list 4217	fatal
OP-T19-012	languageID MUST be coded using ISO code list 639-1	fatal
OP-T19-013	A Party Company Identifier Scheme MUST be from the list of PEPPOL Party Identifiers	fatal
OP-T58-001	An Endpoint Identifier Scheme MUST be from the list of PEPPOL Party Identifiers.	fatal
OP-T58-002	A Party Identifier Scheme MUST be from the list of PEPPOL Party Identifiers	fatal
OP-T58-003	A Response code MUST be from the UN CEFACT 4343 code list PEPPOL subset.	fatal



Differences between PEPPOL BIS version 3 and version 4

8.1 Features added in BII2

Business term	UBL binding
Source catalogue identifier	Catalogue/cac:SourceCatalogueReference
Catalogue action code	Catalogue/cbc:ActionCode
Manufacturers item	Catalogue/cac:CatalogueLine/cac:Item/cac:ManufacturersItemIdentification/cbc:ID
identifier	
Item VAT percentage	Catalogue/cac:CatalogueLine/cac:Item/cac:ClassifiedTaxCategory/cbc:Percent
Item best before date	Catalogue/cac:CatalogueLine/cac:Item/cac:ItemInstance/cbc:BestBeforeDate
Item batch identifier	Catalogue/cac:CatalogueLine/cac:Item/cac:ItemInstance/cac:LotIdentification/
	cbc:LotNumberID
Label Name	Catalogue/cac:CatalogueLine/cac:Item/cac:Certificate/cbc:ID
Label value	Catalogue/cac:CatalogueLine/cac:Item/cac:Certificate/cbc:Remarks
Label type	Catalogue/cac:CatalogueLine/cac:Item/cac:Certificate/cbc:CertificateType
Label Reference	Catalogue/cac:CatalogueLine/cac:Item/cac:Certificate/cac:DocumentReference/
	cbc:ID
Property classification	Catalogue/cac:CatalogueLine/cac:Item/cac:AdditionalItemProperty/
	cbc:ValueQualifier
Property unit of measure	Suggested syntax binding: cac:AdditionalItemProperty/cbc:ValueQuantity/unitCode
Price type	Catalogue/cac:CatalogueLine/cac:RequiredItemLocationQuantity/cac:Price/
	cbc:PriceType
Standard unit of measure	Catalogue/cac:CatalogueLine/cac:ItemComparison/cbc:Quantity/@unitCode
ComponentRelatedItem/	Catalogue/cac:CatalogueLine/cac:ComponentRelatedItem/cbc:ID
Item identifier	
ComponentRelatedItem/	Catalogue/cac:CatalogueLine/cac:ComponentRelatedItem/cbc:Quantity
Item quantity	
AccessoryRelatedItem/	Catalogue/cac:CatalogueLine/cac:AccessoryRelatedItem/cbc:ID
Item identifier	Catalogue / casiCataloguel in a / casiA space and Polated I tom / chai Quantity
AccessoryRelatedItem/	Catalogue/cac:CatalogueLine/cac:AccessoryRelatedItem/cbc:Quantity
Item quantity ReplacedItem/	Catalogue/cac:CatalogueLine/cac:ReplacedRelatedItem/cbc:ID
Item identifier	Catalogue/cac.CatalogueLille/cac.ReplaceuRelateuItelli/cbc.lb
ReplacedItem/	Catalogue/cac:CatalogueLine/cac:ReplacedRelatedItem/cbc:Quantity
Item quantity	Catalogue/ cae.catalogueEnte/ cae.neplaceunciateattem/ cbe. Quantity
ItemPackaging/	Catalogue/cac:CatalogueLine/cac:ComponentRelatedItem/cbc:Quantity/@unitCode
Packed units	
ItemPackaging/	Catalogue/cac:CatalogueLine/cac:Item/cbc:PackQuantity and
Packed quantity	Catalogue/cac:CatalogueLine/cac:ComponentRelatedItem/cbc:Quantity
Consumable unit	Catalogue/cac:CatalogueLine/cac:RequiredItemLocationQuantity/cac:DeliveryUnit/
	cbc:ConsumerUnitQuantity/@unitCode
Consumable unit quantity	Catalogue/cac:CatalogueLine/cac:RequiredItemLocationQuantity/cac:DeliveryUnit/
	cbc:ConsumerUnitQuantity
Packaging level	Catalogue/cac:CatalogueLine/cbc:PackLevelCode
Height	Catalogue/cac:CatalogueLine/cac:Item/cac:Dimension/cbc:Measure
Length	Catalogue/cac:CatalogueLine/cac:Item/cac:Dimension/cbc:Measure
Width	Catalogue/cac:CatalogueLine/cac:Item/cac:Dimension/cbc:Measure
Weight	Catalogue/cac:CatalogueLine/cac:Item/cac:Dimension/cbc:Measure



Business term	UBL binding
Minimum storage	Catalogue/cac:CatalogueLine/cac:Item/cac:Dimension/cbc:MinimumMeasure
temperature	
Maximum storage	Catalogue/cac:CatalogueLine/cac:Item/cac:Dimension/cbc:MaximumMeasure
temperature	

8.2 Features removed

Business term		
Building Number for Supplier	General decision for all BIS documents	
Postbox for Supplier	General decision for all BIS documents	
Department for Supplier	General decision for all BIS documents	
PartyTaxScheme/	General decision for all BIS documents	
Companyldentifier		

8.3 Differences in representation

Business term	
Tax Scheme ID	BII2 does not allow for en explicit specification of Tax Scheme ID = VAT as VAT is assumed
	to be the only tax scheme specified.
	In the current PEPPOL BIS this is expected to be explicitly stated although the same
	restriction applies.
Contact person for	BII2 only allow for the specification of Contact Person Name and not different elements
Supplier and Customer	for First name, Middle name and Family name.
Item property type and	This specific field is not recognized in the BII2 requirement model as it does not assume
value	any given syntax implementation.
Item expiry date	Moved from "ItemInstance/LotIdentification" to "AdditionalItemProperty"

8.4 Features added as extensions or changes to BII2

Restrictions made in form of new business rules are not listed in this section, for these we refer to chapter 7 and the Conformance statement document. Descriptions of the new requirements are found in chapter 5.3.

Business term	Requested by	UBL binding	
Contracted item	Sweden	Catalogue/cac:CatalogueLine/cac:Item/cac:TransactionConditions/	
indicator		cbc:ActionCode. ActionCode="CT" Contracted item indicator	
Contract subdivision	Denmark	Used to reference subsection of contract	
		Catalogue/cac:CatalogueLine/cbc:ContractSubdivision	
External item	Norway	Catalogue/cac:CatalogueLine/cac:Item/	
specifiations type		cac:ItemSpecificationDocumentReference/cbc:DocumentTypeCode.	
		Changed from cbc:DocumentDescription in BII.	
Maximum storage	Sweden	Catalogue/cac:CatalogueLine/cac:Item/cac:Dimension/	
humidity		cbc:MaximumMeasure.	
Minimum storage	Sweden	Catalogue/cac:CatalogueLine/cac:Item/cac:Dimension/	
humidity		cbc:MinimumMeasure.	
Package volume	Sweden	Catalogue/cac:CatalogueLine/cac:Item/cac:Dimension/cbc:Measure	
		AttributeID=ABJ	
Package net weight	Sweden	Catalogue/cac:CatalogueLine/cac:Item/cac:Dimension/cbc:Measure	
exact		AttributeID=AAF	



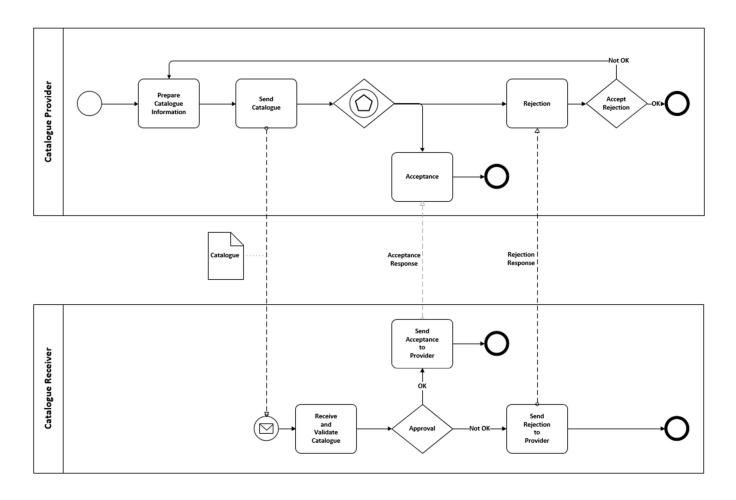
Business term	Requested by	UBL binding	
Package net weight	Sweden	Catalogue/cac:CatalogueLine/cac:Item/cac:Dimension/cbc:Measure	
approximately		AttributeID=AAL	
Dimension description	Sweden	Catalogue/cac:CatalogueLine/cac:Item/cac:Dimension/cbc:Description	
Brand Name	Sweden	Catalogue/cac:CatalogueLine/cac:Item/cbc:BrandName	
General payment	Italy	Catalogue cac:TradingTerms/cbc:Information	
condition	100,	eataiogue addiriading reims/ addiniormation	
Minimum quantity	Italy	Catalogue/cac:CatalogueLine/cac:Itemcac:AdditionalItemProperty/	
guarantied for delivery		cbc:ValueQuantity	
Contact Person ID	Norway	Catalogue/cac:ContractorCustomerParty/cac:Party/cac:Contact/cbc:ID	
@name for	Sweden	Catalogue/cac:CatalogueLine/cac:Item/cac:CommodityClassification/	
ItemClassificationCode		cbc:ItemClassificationCode/@name	
Base Quantity	Sweden	Catalogue/cac:CatalogueLine/	
		cac:RequiredItemLocationQuantity/cbc:BaseQuantity	
Orderable Unit Factor	Denmark	Catalogue/cac:CatalogueLine/cac:RequiredItemLocationQuantity/	
Rate		cac:Price/cbc:OrderableUnitFactorRate.	
		Factor to convert Base Quantity to an Orderable Unit.	
Quantity threshold	Sweden	Catalogue/cac:CatalogueLine/	
		cac:RequiredItemLocationQuantity/cbc:MinimumQuantity	
Quantity ceiling	Sweden	Catalogue/cac:CatalogueLine/	
		cac:RequiredItemLocationQuantity/cbc:MaximumQuantity	
Transaction conditions	Sweden	Catalogue/cac:CatalogueLine/cac:Item/cac:TransactionConditions/	
		cbc:ID and cbc:ActionCode	
		ActionCode="VQ": Variable measure indicator	
		ActionCode="RC": Returnable unit, indicator	
		ActionCode="SER": Trade item is a service	
		ActionCode="MTO": Trade item is produced after it has been ordered	
Party Legal Entity for	Denmark	Catalogue/cac:ProviderParty/cac:PartyLegalEntity	
provider			
Postal Address for	Denmark	Catalogue/cac:ProviderParty/cac:PostalAddress	
Provider			
Party Legal Entity for	Denmark	Catalogue/cac:ReceiverParty/cac:PartyLegalEntity	
Receiver			
Postal address for	Denmark	Catalogue/cac:ReceiverParty/cac:PostalAddress	
Receiver			
Issue date for	Denmark	Catalogue/cac:ReferencedContract/cbc:IssueDate	
referenced contract			
Issuer Party name for	Common	Catalogue/cac:CatalogueLine/cac:Item/cac:Certificate/cac:IssuerParty/	
certificate		cac:PartyName.	
		Composite element IssuerParty is mandatory in UBL.	
DocumentTypeCode	Common	Catalogue/cac:CatalogueLine/cac:Item/cac:Certificate/	
DocumentTypeCode for certificate	Common	Catalogue/cac:CatalogueLine/cac:Item/cac:Certificate/cbc:CertificateTypeCode.	
	Common	Catalogue/cac:CatalogueLine/cac:Item/cac:Certificate/	
	Common	Catalogue/cac:CatalogueLine/cac:Item/cac:Certificate/ cbc:CertificateTypeCode. Certificate Type Code is mandatory in UBL. Changed UBL binding to:	
for certificate		Catalogue/cac:CatalogueLine/cac:Item/cac:Certificate/ cbc:CertificateTypeCode. Certificate Type Code is mandatory in UBL.	
for certificate Consumable Unit		Catalogue/cac:CatalogueLine/cac:Item/cac:Certificate/ cbc:CertificateTypeCode. Certificate Type Code is mandatory in UBL. Changed UBL binding to: Catalogue/cac:CatalogueLine/cac:CatalogueItem/cbc:PackSizeNumeric Changed UBL binding to:	
for certificate Consumable Unit Quantity	Common	Catalogue/cac:CatalogueLine/cac:Item/cac:Certificate/ cbc:CertificateTypeCode. Certificate Type Code is mandatory in UBL. Changed UBL binding to: Catalogue/cac:CatalogueLine/cac:CatalogueItem/cbc:PackSizeNumeric Changed UBL binding to: Catalogue/cac:CatalogueLine/cac:RequiredItemLocationQuantity/	
for certificate Consumable Unit Quantity Validity period for	Common	Catalogue/cac:CatalogueLine/cac:Item/cac:Certificate/ cbc:CertificateTypeCode. Certificate Type Code is mandatory in UBL. Changed UBL binding to: Catalogue/cac:CatalogueLine/cac:CatalogueItem/cbc:PackSizeNumeric Changed UBL binding to:	
for certificate Consumable Unit Quantity Validity period for	Common	Catalogue/cac:CatalogueLine/cac:Item/cac:Certificate/ cbc:CertificateTypeCode. Certificate Type Code is mandatory in UBL. Changed UBL binding to: Catalogue/cac:CatalogueLine/cac:CatalogueItem/cbc:PackSizeNumeric Changed UBL binding to: Catalogue/cac:CatalogueLine/cac:RequiredItemLocationQuantity/	



Business term	Requested by	UBL binding
ExtendedID	Common	Removed element Catalogue/cac:CatalogueLine/cac:Item/cac:SellersItemIdentification/cbc:ExtendedID to be in compliance with other BIS documents.

9 Process and typical scenarios

9.1 Process chart



Any time limits for the catalogue response must be agreed between the parties as a part of the collaboration agreement. Any further processing is outside scope of this BIS, and is in most cases done in the customers catalogue tool.

9.2 Use case 1 - New Catalogue and positive Catalogue Response

This use case includes a simple catalogue containing mandatory information and information required to get a high performance from the buyers search engine. The catalogue contains both products and services. This is the first catalogue to the receiver.

Use Case No	1
Use Case Name	A new catalogue from the Seller and accept from the Buyer.



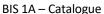


Use Case	The provider sends a catalogue to the receiver.		
Description	The catalogue contains the articles that the buyer and seller have agreed on in a contract.		
	This is the first catalogue being sent on this contract.		
	After receiving the catalogue, the buyer accepts the catalogue using a response message.		
Parties involved	Catalogue Provider (same legal entity as the Supplier/Seller in this use case)		
	Catalogue Receiver (same legal entity as the Customer/Buyer in this use case)		
Assumptions	1. The Seller and the Buyer have a contract of products and services that the buyer may		
	purchase from the Seller.		
	2. The parties have agreed to exchange the catalogue and catalogue response messages		
	3. The articles are		
	a. Physical articles (pens and papers)		
	b. Fruits		
	c. Services		
	C. Sci.vices		
The flow	The Seller identifies the contracted items		
	2. The Provider creates a Catalogue message		
	3. The Provider sends the message to the Receiver		
	4. The Buyer verifies the content in the message consider to accept or reject the catalogue.		
	5. The Buyer sends a Catalogue response with accept.		
	6. The Buyer inserts the articles from the catalogue message in the local ERP-system.		
Result	1. The Buyer have all the articles and the contracted prices in the ERP-system and may start		
	ordering		
	2. The ordering process is easy when you have all necessary information in the ERP-system.		
	Please note that the ordering process is not part of this BIS. For ordering, please see PEPPOL BIS 3A.		
XML example file	See Annex A for sample Catalogue and catalogue response files illustrating Use Case 1.		

9.3 Use case 2 - Catalogue update and negative response

This is an **Update** of the catalogue based on Use case 1.

Use Case No	2	
Use Case Name	Catalogues update from the provider and reject from the receiver.	
Use Case	The provider sends a catalogue update to the receiver.	
Description	The catalogue contains changes in the previous catalogue.	
	After receiving the catalogue, the buyer rejects the catalogue using a response message.	
Parties involved	Catalogue Provider (same legal entity as the Supplier/Seller in this use case) Catalogue Receiver (same legal entity as the Customer/Buyer in this use case)	
Assumptions	 The Seller has previously sent a catalogue to the Buyer. The Seller wants to update the catalogue a. One article is updated (GTIN is added) b. One new article is added c. One article is deleted 	
The flow	 The Seller identifies the items to be in the Catalogue update The Provider creates a Catalogue message The Provider sends the message to the Receiver The Buyer verifies the content in the message and considers to accept or reject the catalogue. 	





	5. The Buyer sends a Catalogue response with reject.
	6. The Seller handles the negative response.
Result	The Buyer did not insert the changes in the ERP-system
	2. The Seller needs to correct the information in his ERP-system.
XML example file	See Annex A for sample Catalogue and catalogue response files illustrating Use Case 2.

9.4 Use case 3 - Replace of catalogue and positive response

This is a **Replace** of the catalogue based on Use case 1 and 2.

Use Case No	3		
Use Case Name	Catalogues replace from the provider and accept from the receiver.		
Use Case	The provider sends a catalogue replace to the receiver.		
Description	The catalogue contains all the contracted items and replaces the previous accepted catalogue.		
	After receiving the catalogue, the buyer accepts the catalogue using a response message.		
Parties involved	Catalogue Provider (same legal entity as the Supplier/Seller in this use case)		
	Catalogue Receiver (same legal entity as the Customer/Buyer in this use case)		
Assumptions	The Seller has previously sent a new catalogue to the Buyer which has been accepted.		
	2. The Seller has sent an update of the catalogue which was rejected by the buyer		
	3. The Seller sends a replace catalogue		
	a. All articles that the supplier had identified in the contract, including the new		
	one in the rejected catalogue.		
	b. One article from the previous accepted catalogue is not in this catalogue.		
	c. Three more new articles are added. Shampoo presented in a hierarchy.		
The flow	The Seller identifies the items to be in the Catalogue update		
	2. The Provider creates a Catalogue message		
	3. The Provider sends the message to the Receiver		
	4. The Buyer verifies the content in the message and accepts the catalogue.		
	5. The Buyer sends a Catalogue response with accept.		
Result	The Buyer has all the articles and the contracted prices in the ERP-system and may start		
	ordering		
	2. The ordering process is easy when you have all necessary information in the ERP-system.		
	Please note that the ordering process is not part of this BIS. For ordering, please see PEPPOL BIS 3A.		
XML example file	See Annex A for sample Catalogue and catalogue response files illustrating Use Case 3.		

9.5 Use case 4 - Catalogue deletion and positive response

This is a **Deletion** of the catalogue based on Use case 3.

Use Case No	4
Use Case Name	Catalogue deletion.
Use Case	The provider sends a catalogue deletion to the receiver.
Description	The catalogue deletes the previous accepted catalogue.
	After receiving the catalogue deletion, the buyer accepts the catalogue using a response message.
Parties involved	Catalogue Provider (same legal entity as the Supplier/Seller in this use case) Catalogue Receiver (same legal entity as the Customer/Buyer in this use case)





Assumptions	 The Seller has previously sent a catalogue to the Buyer which has been accepted. The Seller and the Buyer have ended their contract 	
The flow	The Seller identifies the current active catalogue to be deleted	
	2. The Provider creates a Catalogue message	
	3. The Provider sends the message to the Receiver	
	4. The Buyer verifies the content in the message and accepts the catalogue.	
	5. The Buyer sends a Catalogue response with accept.	
	6. The Buyer, in his ERP system, deactivates the items identified in the catalogue message.	
Result	The Buyer can no longer make en order to the supplier from this catalogue.	
XML example file	See Annex A for sample Catalogue and catalogue response files illustrating Use Case 4.	

9.6 Use case 5 - Catalogue with all possible information and positive response

This is an Update of a previous sent catalogue and not based on any of the other uses cases. The catalogue includes all possible information in a BIS catalogue. Some information may not be relevant, but is in the catalogue for giving an example.

Use Case No	5		
Use Case Name	Catalogue with all information.		
Use Case	The provider sends a catalogue deletion to the receiver.		
Description			
Parties involved	Catalogue Provider		
	Supplier/Seller		
	Catalogue Receiver		
	Customer/Buyer		
Assumptions	The Seller has previously sent a catalogue to the Buyer which has been accepted.		
	2. The Seller needs to send a new article to update the previous catalogue.		
The flow	The Seller identifies the article to be added		
	2. The Provider creates a Catalogue message		
	3. The Provider sends the message to the Receiver		
	4. The Buyer verifies the content in the message and considers the catalogue acceptable.		
	5. The Buyer sends a Catalogue response with accept.		
	6. The Buyer inserts/updates the information from the catalogue message in the local ERP-system		
Result	The Buyer have the articles and the contracted prices in the ERP-system and may start ordering		
	Please note that the ordering prosess is not part of this BIS. For ordering, please see PEPPOL BIS 3A.		
XML example file	See Annex A for sample Catalogue and catalogue response files illustrating Use Case 5.		



10 Description of selected parts of the catalogue message

10.1 Parties

The following parties/roles may be specified in the message:

10.1.1 Catalogue Provider (ProviderParty)

The party that is responsible for the preparation and transfer of the Catalogue to the Catalogue receiver. Can be the Supplier itself or a third party providing this service.

Example:

10.1.2 Catalogue Receiver (ReceiverParty)

The party that is responsible for the reception and control of the Catalogue. Can be the Customer itself or a third party providing this service to the Customer.

Example:

10.1.3 Supplier (SellerSupplierParty)

The party that is responsible for the delivery of products or services specified in the Catalogue.

Example:

```
<cac:SellerSupplierParty>
       <cac:Party>
               <cac:PartvName>
                      <cbc:Name>Office AS</cbc:Name>
               </cac:PartyName>
               <cac:PostalAddress>
                      <cbc:StreetName>Office street 12</cbc:StreetName>
                      <cbc:CityName>oslo</cbc:CityName>
                      <cbc:PostalZone>1163</cbc:PostalZone>
                      <cbc:CountrySubentity>Oslo</cbc:CountrySubentity>
                      <cac:Country>
                              <cbc:IdentificationCode listID="ISO3166-1:Alpha2">NO
                              </cbc:IdentificationCode>
                      </cac:Country>
               </cac:PostalAddress>
               <cac:Contact>
                      <cbc:ElectronicMail>kontor@online.no</cbc:ElectronicMail>
               </cac:Contact>
```

</cac:SellerSupplierParty>



10.1.4 Buyer (ContractorCustomerParty)

```
The party buying products or services from the Catalogue.

Example:

<ac:ContractorCustomerParty>
<ac:Party>
<ac:EndpointID/>
<ac:PartyIdentification>
<ac:PartyIdentification>
</ac:PartyIdentification>
<ac:PartyIdentification>
<ac:PartyIdentifica
```

</cac:PartyName>

<cbc:Name>DIGST</cbc:Name>

10.1.5 Manufacturer (ManufacturerParty)

</cac:ContractorCustomerParty>

The name of the Manufacturer.

Example:

10.2 Other key elements

10.2.1 Action code

The Action code holds instructions about the treatment of the Catalogue by the recipients system. The Action code can be stated either on header or line level. Please be aware that the below mentioned are codes, and hence the correct use of upper and lower case must be used. Example: Replace is valid, REPLACE is not valid. Legal codes on Catalogue header level:

- Add Used when a catalogue is sent for the first time to the Catalogue Receiver referring to the contract in the header of the catalogue.
- Replace Replaces the entire catalogue referring to the contract. This is the default action.
- Update Updates a current catalogue.
- Delete deletes the entire catalogue

Example: <cbc:ActionCode listID="ACTIONCODE:PEPPOL">Replace</cbc:ActionCode>

Legal codes on Catalogue Line level:

- Add Used to add items to the catalogue.
- Update Used to update an item. The entire Catalogue Line is updated. Only used if Action code on header level is Update
- Delete Used to delete an entire Catalogue line. Only used if Action code on header level is Update.



It is important to note that when updating or deleting on line level, the key identifier is the item ID (sellers item identification or standard item identification, see chapter 10.2.2.), not the line ID. If CatalogueLineReference is used in the corresponding order message (outside scope of this BIS), the numbering of Line ID must be consistent in all versions of the catalogue.

Example:

<cbc:ActionCode listID="ACTIONCODE:BII2">Update</cbc:ActionCode>

10.2.2 Item identification

Item identification must be sent using the identifiers described below.

- Sellers item identification
- Standard item identification, e.g. GTIN
- Manufacturers item identification which is necessary when the same product is bought from several suppliers.

Either Sellers item identification or Standard item identification must be sent. Manufacturer's item identification shall be sent if available. Which identifier to use depends on what is known at the time of catalogue exchange or what is commonly used in the relevant business sector.

Example 1, Sellers item identification:

Example 2, Standard item identification:

10.2.3 Hazardous item

If an item is classified as Hazardous item, a reference to the relevant UNDG-code must be stated and further specification must be provided in an attached document or on a web-site (URI). Example:

10.2.4 Item name and description

The Item name shall be sent in tag <Item/Name> on line level. It is the short description of an item commonly used in ERP-systems. An item name should make it possible for the user to distinguish between similar items. The Item name is often sent in the order from buyer to seller. The field length could be an agreement between parties, to make sure the supporting systems can handle the length.

<Item/Description> is used to provide additional relevant description of the item, in free text.

Example:



<cbc:Name> Ballpoint pen. Blue colour 0.7 mm</cbc:Name>
</cac:Item>

10.2.5 Classification

An item may be classified according to UNSPSC being the mandatory public classification schemes in some countries/sectors. Products can also be classified according to regulatory schemes or classification schemes used in certain business sectors. The type of classification shall be stated in the attribute "listID". In some cases there is a need to add the name of the Item classification Code by using the attribute "name"

Example:

10.2.6 Keyword

Keywords are sent to let the Buyer search for an item without knowing the item identification or name. Keywords tag can be repeated (0..n), but the number should be limited to ensure correct handling in the receiving system.

It is also possible to send several keywords in the same tag, by using a separator between the different keywords. Which separator that should be used, must be agreed between the parties. Example of a separator can be the %-sign, as this is not used anywhere else.

Example of several keywords by using several <KeyWord>-tags:

Example of several keywords using "%" as separator:

<cbc:Keyword>write equipment%felt pen</cbc:Keyword>

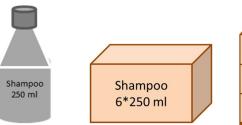
10.2.7 Quantities and units

The table below lists quantities and units in the format. To all quantities there must be a legal Unit according to the Code list. For xml-examples for quantities and units, we refer to appendix A, test files.

Element /xPath	Description
/cac:CatalogueLine/cbc:OrderableUnit	Unit code for the line item. Mandatory if the item is orderable. Code according to Code list



/cac:CatalogueLine/cbc:ContentUnitQuantity	Quantity in consumable unit E.g. millilitre in		
	bottle of shampoo.		
/cac:CatalogueLine/cbc:OrderQuantityIncrementNumeric	Possible limitation to the number of articles that can be ordered. If the Quantity increment is 6 the article must be ordered in a quantity of 6, 12, 18 etc.		
/cac:CatalogueLine/cbc:MinimumOrderQuantity	The smallest number of items that can be ordered (most often 1).		
/cac:CatalogueLine/cbc:MaximumOrderQuantity	The largest number of items that can be ordered (most often not used).		
/cac:CatalogueLine/cac:ItemComparison/cbc:Quantity	Quantity related to Price comparison.		
/cac:CatalogueLine/cac:Item/cbc:PackQuantity	Number of items on next lower level, e.g. number of Consumer units in a Trading unit.		
/cac:CatalogueLine/cac:Item/cbc:PackSizeNumeric	Number of Consumer units. E.g. number of bottles on a Pallet.		



Shampoo

6*250 ml

Shampoo

6*250 ml

Shampoo

6*250 ml

Shampoo

6*250 ml

	250 ml	6*250 ml	Shampoo Shampoo 6*250 ml 6*250 ml
	1 bottle	Case of 6 bottles	Pallet of 18 cases
Line identifier	4	5	6
Supplier Item identifier	1111	111	11
		6x250 ml	
Item Name	Shampoo 250 ml	Shampoo	Shampoo
Orderable unit	EA	CS	PF
Packaging level	CU	TU	DU
Packed units		EA	CS
Packed quantity		6	18
Consumable unit	EA	EA	EA
Consumable unit quantity	1	6	108
ItemNetQuantity	250	1500	27000
Unit	MLT	MLT	MLT
MinimumOrderQuantity	1	1	1
Unit	EA	EA	EA
Component related item Identifier		1111	111
Component related item quantity		6	18



	Pack of 500 sheets	Case of 5 packs	Pallet of 18 cases
	paper	paper	copypaper
Line identifier	7	8	9
Supplier Item identifier	А	AA	AAA
Item Name	500 copy paper	5*500 Copy paper	Pallet of paper
Orderable unit	EA	CS	PX
Packaging level	CU	TU	DU
Packed units		EA	EA
Packed quantity		5	18
Consumable unit	EA	EA	EA
Consumable unit quantity	1	5	90
ItemNetQuantity	500	2500	45000
Unit	EA	EA	EA
MinimumOrderQuantity	1	1	1
Unit	EA	EA	EA
Component related item Identifier		A	AA
Component related item quantity		5	18

10.2.8 Prices

All prices in the format are related to the article or service within this Catalogue identified by an item identification. The following prices can be stated:

- Net price including all discounts and charges but excluded VAT.
- Item comparison price defining price for a certain quantity. Used for comparing prices for different articles with various quantities.
- Conditional price related to a specific location, validity period or ordered quantity.
- Approximate price. The current price will be set on the order date. Commonly used for fruit, vegetables, fresh fish etc.

Example:

10.2.9 Item labelling

Information about the items environmental, social, ethical and quality type of labelling. Example:

<cac:Certificate>



10.2.10 Related items

Items can be related to each other for ordering or logistic purposes. All related items must also be sent as separate Catalogue lines. Sellers article number is the only permitted type of article number. Types of relations:

- Products that are bundled and ordered/invoiced together, e.g. bottles and deposits.
- Products that are connected in a product line or a logistics structure, e.g. consumer units and trading units of the same article.
- Accessories that might be sold together with a product, e.g. disk station to a laptop.

Example - The current item consists of 6 of Sellers article number 7690211, and 5 of article 523467:

10.2.11 Logistics information

The Logistics elements can be used to specify different pack levels for the same item:

- Each pack level is regarded as a unique item and must be sent as a separate Catalogue line and identified with a unique identification such as GTIN.
- Information about pack level is done in the element PackLevelCode on line level. The Pack level codes are based on the Edifact/Eancom-standard and the following codes are available:
 - O DU = Dispatch Unit
 - o HN = Handling Unit (level between TU and DU).
 - TU = Traded Unit
 - CU = Consumer Unit
- It should be stated if the pack level is orderable.
- The relation between pack levels should be specified by using Component Related Item, e.g. that a Dispatch unit contains Traded units. For the higher level Packed Quantity should be used.



Example:

<cbc:PackLevelCode listID="GS17009:PEPPOL">TU</cbc:PackLevelCode>

10.2.12 Dimension

Physical properties are important for logistics. The following values can be stated:

- Height (HT)
- Width (WD)
- Length (LN)
- Weight (WT)
- Net Volume (AAX)

For some items it is important to inform about storage regulations. The following values can be stated:

- Temperature
- Humidity

Example:

10.2.13 Additional properties

Additional properties are meant for product properties that cannot be sent in any of the defined elements in this PEPPOL BIS. Additional properties consist of the Name of the property and the actual Value. Example of additional properties:

- Color
- Allergens.

Legal values: YES, NO, UNKNOWN, FREE.

• Nutrition.

Stated with amount per 100 g/ml.

· Genetically modified.

10.2.14 Replaced item

Replaced item is used to identify an existing item being replaced by an item in this Catalogue.

PEPPOL Business Interoperability Specifications BIS 1A – Catalogue





11 PEPPOL Identifiers

PEPPOL has defined a "Policy for Using Identifiers" [PEPPOL_Transp] that specifies how to use identifiers in both its transport infrastructure and within the documents exchanged across that infrastructure. It also introduces principles for any identifiers used in the PEPPOL environment. The following policies apply to this BIS:

11.1 Party Identifiers

The "schemeID" attribute must be populated in all instances of the "ID" element when used within a "Partyldentification"-container and in all instances of the "EndpointID" element when used within a "Party"-container.

Example of using GS1 GLN (Global Location Number) as Partyldentification:

11.1.1 Using Danish organization number as Partyldentification

In Denmark parties often are identified by a company organization number. This can be used for all parties.

The following examples denotes that the Issuing Agency is DK:CVR in the PEPPOL set of Issuing Agency Codes. This means that the party has the Danish CVR identifier DK87654321.

Examples of usage in Partyldentification and Endpoint ID:

11.1.2 Using Swedish organization number as Partyldentification

In Sweden parties often are identified by a company organization number. This can be used for all parties.

11.1.3 Using Italian VAT number as Partyldentification

In Italy parties often are identified by the VAT number. This can be used for all parties.

11.2 Version ID

This BIS is using the UBL 2.1 syntax. The namespace of the XML-message does only communicate the major version number. Since it is important for the receiver to also know what minor version of the syntax that is used, the element UBLVersionID must be stated with the value **2.1**:



11.3 Profile ID

The ProfileID identifies the process that the business document is part of. PEPPOL BIS uses the identification system according to BII:

The following process identifier is used for the transactions of this BIS:

ProfileID: urn:www.cenbii.eu:profile:bii01:ver2.0

For implementers: Please note that process identifiers in the document instance MUST correspond to the SMP process identifier.

11.4 Customization ID

The PEPPOL Customization ID identifies the specification of content and rules that apply to the transaction. This BIS has required some minor additions and changes to the CEN BII transaction. Following the CENBII methodology any extension must be communicated by adding an extension ID onto the Customization ID. The full syntax is:

<transactionId>: (restrictive|extended|partly):<extensionId>[(restrictive|extended|partly):<extensionId>].

Where:

- Transaction ID: urn:www.cenbii.eu:transaction:biitrns019:ver2.0
- Extension ID: urn:www.peppol.eu:bis:peppolla:ver4.0

CustomizationID to use:

urn:www.cenbii.eu:transaction:biitrns019:ver2.0:extended:urn:www.peppol.eu:bis:peppol1a:ver4.0

Example of usage:

<cbc:CustomizationID>
urn:www.cenbii.eu:transaction:biitrns019:ver2.0:extended:urn:www.peppol.eu:bis:peppol1a:ver4.0
</cbc:CustomizationID>

For implementers: Please note that CustomizationID element in the document instance MUST correspond to the Customization ID of the SMP Document Identifier.

11.5 Namespaces

The target namespace for the UBL2.1 Catalogue is:

urn:oasis:names:specification:ubl:schema:xsd:Catalogue-2



12 XML Schema Guideline and information content

12.1 Catalogue message

Occurrence	Element/Attribute	BII Business Term	Busine ss req.
	Catalogue		
1 1	cbc:UBLVersionID		
1 1	cbc:CustomizationID	Customization identifier	tir19-002
1 1	cbc:ProfileID	Profile identifier	tir19-001
1 1	cbc:ID	Catalogue identifier	tir19-003
0 1	cbc:ActionCode –	Catalogue action code	tir19-047
0 1	cbc:Name	Catalogue name	tir19-005
1 1	cbc:IssueDate -	Catalogue issue date	tir19-006
0 1	cbc:VersionID	Catalogue version	tir19-004
1 1	cac:ValidityPeriod	5	
0 1	cbc:StartDate	Period start date	tir19-007
0 1	cbc:EndDate	Period end date	tir19-008
0 1 1 1	cac:ReferencedContract cbc:ID	Deference identifier	ti=10 000
0 1	cbc:lb —	Reference identifier Contract Issue date	tir19-028 OP-T19-032
0 1	cbc:IssueDate cbc:ContractType	Reference type	tir19-052
0 1	cac:SourceCatalogueReference		
1 1	cbc:ID	Source catalogue identifier	tir19-019
1 1	cac:ProviderParty	Course catalogue lucitaniei	
0 1	cbc:EndpointID —	Electronic address ID	tir19-009
0 1	cac:Partyldentification-		
1 1	cbc:ID L	Party identifier	tir19-010
0 1	cac:PartyName		
1 1	cbc:Name	Party name	tir19-011
0 1	cac:PostalAddress		
0 1	cbc:StreetName	Address line 1	OP-T19-029a
0 1	cbc:AdditionalStreetName	Address line 2	OP-T19-029b
0 1	cbc:CityName	City	OP-T19-029c
0 1	cbc:PostalZone	Post code	OP-T19-029d
0 1	cbc:CountrySubentity –	Country Subdivision	OP-T19-029e
0 1	cac:Country		00 740 0005
0 1	cbc:IdentificationCbde	Country code	OP-T19-029f
0 unbounded	cac:PartyLegalEntity	Described to the science of the first or an area	OD T40 000k
0 1 0 1	cbc:RegistrationName — cbc:CompanyID —	Provider legal registration name	OP-T19-028b OP-T19-028a
-	cac:RegistrationAddress	Provider legal registration identifier	OF-119-020a
0 1 0 1	cbc:CityName —	Provider legal registration city	OP-T19-028c
0 1	cac:Country	1 Tovider legal registration oxy	01-110-0200
0 1	cbc:ldentificationCode	Provider legal registration country	OP-T19-028d
1 1	cac:ReceiverParty		
0 1	cbc:EndpointID	Electronic address ID	tir19-012
0 1	cac:Partyldentification		
1 1	cbc:ID L	Party identifier	tir19-013
0 1	cac:PartyName		
1 1	cbc:Name	Party name	tir19-014
0 1	cac:PostalAddress		
0 1	cbc:StreetName	Address line 1	OP-T19-031a
0 1	cbc:AdditionalStreetName	Address line 2	OP-T19-031b
0 1	cbc:CityName	City	OP-T19-031c
0 1	cbc:PostalZone	Post code	OP-T19-031d
0 1	cbc:CountrySubentity	Country Subdivision	OP-T19-031e
0 1	cac:Country	Ossentens and	OD T40 0047
0 1	cbc:ldentificationCode—	Country code	OP-T19-031f



Occurrence	Element/Attribute	BII Business Term	Busine ss req.	
0 unbounded	cac:PartyLegalEntity Ļ			
0 1	cbc:RegistrationName	Receiver legal registration name	OP-T19-030b	
0 1	cbc:CompanyID –	Receiver legal registration identifier	OP-T19-030a	
0 1	cac:RegistrationAddre ss			
0 1	cbc:CityName	Receiver legal registration city	OP-T19-030c	
0 1	cac:Country			
0 1	cbc:IdentificationCode ^L	Receiver legal registration country	OP-T19-030d	
0 1	cac:SellerSupplierParty			
0 1	cac:Party			
0 1	cbc:EndpointID	Electronic address ID	tir19-015	
0 1	cac:Partyldentification			
1 1	cbc:ID	Party identifier	tir19-016	
0 1	cac:PartyName			
1 1	cbc:Name	Party name	tir19-017	
0 1	cac:PostalAddress			
0 1	cbc:StreetName	Address line 1 Address line 2	tir19-021 tir19-022	
0 1	cbc:Additional Street Name	City	tir19-022 tir19-023	
0 1	cbc:PostalZone	Post code	tir19-023	
0 1	cbc:CountrySubentity —	Country subdivision	tir19-025	
0 1	cac:Country -	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,		
0 1	cbc:ldentificationCode	Country code	tir19-026	
0 1	cac:Contact 🖵			
0 1	cbc:Name	Contact person name	tir19-027	
0 1	cbc:Telephone	Contact telephone number	tir19-030	
0 1	cbc:Telefax	Contact fax number	tir19-029	
0 1	cbc:ElectronicMail	Contact email address	tir19-031	
0 1	cac:ContractorCustomerParty			
0 1	cac:Party			
01	cbc:EndpointID	Electronic address ID	tir19-054	
0 1	cac:Partyldentification			
1 1	cbc:ID	Party identifier	tir19-055	
0 1	cac:PartyName			
1 1	cbc:Name	Party name	tir19-079	
0 1	cac:Contact			
0 1	cbc:ID	Contact ID	OP-T19-021	
0 1	cbc:Name cbc:Telephone	Contact person name Contact telephone number	tir19-080 tir19-082	
0 1	cbc:Telephone	Contact telephone number Contact fax number	tir19-082	
0 1	cbc:ElectronicMail	Contact email address	tir19-083	
0 unbounded	cac:TradingTerms			
0 unbounded	cbc:Information	General payment conditions	OP-T19-019	
1 unbounded	cac:CatalogueLine		-	
1 1	cbc:ID —	Line identifier	tir19-032	
0 1	cbc:ActionCode —	Line action code	tir19-033	
0 1	cbc:ContractSubdivisi on	Contract Subdivision	OP-T19-036	
0 1	cbc:OrderableIndicato	Orderable indicator	tir19-034	
0 1	cbc:OrderableUnit	Orderable unit	tir19-035	
0 1	cbc:ContentUnitQuantity	Item net quantity	tir19-061	
0 1	cbc:OrderQuantityIncr em entNumeric cbc:MinimumOrderQu an tity	Order quantity increment	tir19-037 tir19-038	
0 1	cbc:MaximumOrderQu an tity	Minimum order quantity Maximum order quantity	tir19-036	
0 1	cbc:WarrantyInformation	Line warranty information	tir19-039	
0 1	cbc:PackLevelCode —	Packaging level	tir19-102	
0 1	cac:LineValidityPeriod _─			



Occurrence	Element/Attribute		BII Business Term	Busine ss req.
0 1	cbc:StartDate		Period start date	tir19-041
0 1	cbc:EndDate		Period end date	tir19-042
0 unbounded	cac:ItemComparison			
0 1	cbc:PriceAmount		Standardized unit price	tir19-043
0 1	cbc:Quantity		Standard unit quantity	tir19-044
0 unbounded	cac:ComponentRelatedIte	m		
0 1	cbc:ID		Item identifier	tir19-045
0 1	cbc:Quantity		Item quantity	tir19-046
0 unbounded	cac:AccessoryRelated	n		
0 1	cbc:ID		Item identifier	tir19-118
0 1	cbc:Quantity		Item quantity	tir19-119
0 unbounded	cac:RequiredRelatedItem			
0 1	cbc:ID		Item identifier	tir19-048
0 1	cbc:Quantity └		Item quantity	tir19-049
0 unbounded	cac:ReplacedRelatedItem			
0 1	cbc:ID		Item identifier	tir19-120
0 1	cbc:Quantity		Item quantity	tir19-121
0 unbounded	cac:RequiredItemLoca <mark>ti</mark> or	nQuantity		
0 1	cbc:LeadTimeMeasure		Price lead time	tir19-053
0 1	cbc:MinimumQuantity —		Quantity threshold	OP-T19-025
0 1	cbc:MaximumQuantity—		Quantity ceiling	OP-T19-026
0 unbounded	cac:ApplicableTerritoryA	ddress		
0 1	cbc:StreetName	_	Address line 1	tir19-108
0 1	cbc:AdditionalStreetNa	me	Address line 2	tir19-109
0 1	cbc:CityName	_	City	tir19-060 tir19-110
0 1	cbc:PostalZone		Post code	tir19-111
0 1	cbc:CountrySubentity	_	Country subdivision	tir19-112
0 1	cbe.countryoubentry		Country Subdivision	tir19-062
0 1	cac:Country L			
0 1	cbc:IdentificationCode	<u>L</u>	Country code	tir19-063
			,	tir19-113
0 1	cac:Price			
1 1	cbc:PriceAmount	_	Item price	tir19-051
0 1	cbc:BaseQuantity	_	Base Quantity	OP-T19-024
0 1	cbc:PriceType	_	Price type	tir19-093
0 1	cbc:OrderableUnitFacte	rRate	OrderableUnit FactorRate	OP-T19-035
0 unbounded	cac:ValidityPeriod	Т		
0 1	cbc:StartDate	\vdash	Period start date	tir19-056
0 1	cbc:EndDate	L	Period end date	tir19-057
1 1	cac:Item			
0 unbounded	cbc:Description -		Item description	tir19-067
0 1	cbc:PackQuantity –		Packed quantity	tir19-066
0 4	ah as Da ah Oisa Nama aria		0 11 " "	tir19-066
0 1 0 1	cbc:PackSizeNumeric — cbc:Name		Consumable unit quantity	tir19-036
0 1 0 unbounded			Item have	tir19-078
0 unbounded	cbc:Keyword — cbc:BrandName —		Item key words Brand name	tir19-064 OP-T19-018
0 1	cac:SellersItemIdentifica	tion	Diana hamo	01 110-010
1 1	cbc:ID	_	Sellers item identifier	tir19-091
0 1	cac:ManufacturersItem	lentification		ui 13-03 I
1 1	cbc:ID	_	Manufacturers item identifer	tir19-114
0 1	cac:StandardItemIdent ifi	cation	waruiaturera item idenine	ui 13-114
1 1	cbc:ID	_	Items standard identifier	tir19-092
0 unbounded	cac:ItemSpecificationDe	cumentRefer		ui 13-032
1 1	cbc:ID	_	Attachment ID	tir10_005
1 1	CDC.ID	_	Attacriment ID	tir19-095

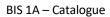


Occurrence	Element/Attribut	te	BII Business Term	Busine ss req.
			Attachment ID	tir19-105
0 1	cbc:DocumentTypeC		External Item Specifications Type	tir19-086a
0 unbounded	cbc:DocumentDescri	p ti en	Attached document description	tir19-096
			Attached item description	tir19-106
0 1	cac:Attachment	-		
0 1	cbc:		Attached object	tir19-097
	EmbeddedDocumen		Attached object	tir19-107
0 1	cac:ExternalReferen	ice l		
0 1	cbc:URI	-	External item specifications	tir19-086
0 1	cac:OriginCountry cbc:IdentificationCod	Ţ	Mana aniaria a susatur.	4:-40.074
0 1	cac:CommodityClassi		Item origin country	tir19-071
0 unbounded0 1	cbc:ItemClassificatio		Commodity algorification	tir19-069
0 unbounded	cac:TransactionCondi		Commodity classification	1119-009
0 unbounded 0 1	cbc:ID		Transaction conditions	OP-T19-027
0 1	cbc:ActionCode		Transaction conditions	01 110 027
0 unbounded	cac:HazardousItem	<u></u>		
0 1	cbc:UNDGCode	<u> </u>	Hazardous UNDG code	tir19-072
0 1	cbc:HazardClassID		Hazard class identifier	tir19-073
0 1	cac:ClassifiedTaxCate	g pry		
0 1	cbc:ID	-	Item VAT category code	tir19-094
0 1	cbc:Percent	<u> </u>	Item VAT precentage	tir19-050
1 1	cac:TaxScheme			
0 1	cbc:ID	<u> </u>	TaxSchemeID	1
0 unbounded	cac:AdditionalItemPro	pe rty		
1 1	cbc:Name	 	Property name	tir19-076
4 4	cbc:Value		Item expiry date	tir19-074
1 1 0 1	cbc:ValueQuantity		Property value Property unit of measure	tir19-077 tir19-070
0 1	cbc. Value Qualitity		Minimum quantity guaranteed for	OP-T19-020
			delivery	
0 unbounded	cbc:ValueQualifier	L	Property classification	tir19-103
0 1	cac:ManufacturerParty	/-		
0 1	cac:PartyName	T -		
1 1	cbc:Name	L	Manufacturer party name	tir19-075
0 unbounded	cac:ItemInstance	H		
0 1	cbc:BestBeforeDate	<u> </u>	Item best before date	tir19-058
0 1	cac:LotIdentification	4		
0 1	cbc:LotNumberID	<u> </u>	Item batch identifier	tir19-059
0 unbounded	cac:Certificate	П		
1 1	cbc:ID		Label name	tir19-087
1 1	cbc:CertificateTypeC cbc:CertificateType	ψ ue _	Lahel tyne	tir19-089
0 1	cbc:Remarks		Label type Label value	tir19-089
1 1	cac:IssuerParty		Lasor value	ui 10-000
0 unbounded	cac:PartyName	<u> </u>		
1 1	cbc:Name	L		
0 unbounded	cac:DocumentRefere	h ce		
1 1	cbc:ID	L	Label reference	tir19-090
0 unbounded	cac:Dimension	<u> </u>		
1 1	cbc:AttributeID	<u> </u>		tir19-104
0 1	cbc:Measure	\vdash	Height	tir19-098
			Length	tir19-099
			Width Weight	tir19-100 tir19-101
			o.g.n.	ui 10-101



Occurrence	Element/Attribute	BII Business Term	Busine ss req.
		Package Net weight approximately Package Net weight exact Package volume	OP-T19-037 OP-T19-017 OP-T19-016
0 unbounded 0 1	cbc:Description cbc:MinimumMeasure	Dimension description Minimum storage temperature Minimum Storage Humidity	OP-T19-038 tir19-115 OP-T19-015
0 1	cbc:MaximumMeasure	Maximum storage temperature Maximum Storage Humidity	tir19-116 OP-T19-014







Element/Attribute	Descripti	Description		Usage/Rules/Code lists	
Catalogue	Туре	CatalogueType			
cbc:UBLVersionID	Occurence Type	1 1 cbc:UBLVersionIDType			
cbc:CustomizationID	Occurence Type Info req.ID	1 1 cbc:CustomizationIDType tir19-002	Term name BII Usage	Customization identifier Identifies the specification of content and rules that apply to the transaction.	
	XML Note	urn:www.cenbii.eu:transaction:biitrns019:ver2.0: extended:urn:www.peppol.eu:bis:peppol1a:ver4.0	Rules	BII2-T19-R001 - A catalogue MUST have a customization identifier	
cbc:ProfileID	Occurence Type Info req.ID	1 1 cbc:ProfileIDType tir19-001	Term name BII Usage	Profile identifier Identifies the BII profile or business process context in which the transaction appears.	
	XML Note	urn:www.cenbii.eu:profile:bii01:ver2.0	Rules	BII2-T19-R002 - A catalogue MUST have a profile identifier	
cbc:ID	Occurence Type Info req.ID Bus req.ID	1 1 cbc:IDType tir19-003 tbr19-0062	Term name BII Usage	Catalogue identifier An catalogue instance must contain an identifier. The identifier enables positive referencing the document instance for various purposes including referencing between transactions that are part of the same process.	
			Rules	BII2-T19-R004 - A catalogue MUST contain the catalogue document identifier	
cbc:ActionCode	Occurence Type Info req.ID Bus req.ID	0 1 cbc:ActionCodeType tir19-047 tbr19-075	Term name BII Usage	Catalogue action code Identifies how a received catalogue should be used against existing catalogue lines sent in previous catalogues, so that no discrepancies occur between the suppliers and customers information. Describes how to treat existing items, not part of the received catalogue and those that are included (unchanged, changed or deleted). Default action is to fully replace the source catalogue.	
			Rules	OP-T19-007 - An action code at header level MUST be from the PEPPOL action code list	
L listID	Type Use	xs:normalizedString required	Rules	EUGEN-T19-R046 - A catalogue header action code MUST have a list identifier attribute "ACTIONCODE: PEPPOL"	







lement/Attribute	Description	Usage/Rules/Code lists		
cbc:Name	Occurence 0 1 Type cbc:NameType Info req.ID tir19-005 Bus req.ID tbr19-0002	Term name Catalogue name BII Usage A name of the catalogue for general reference. E.g. "Christmas catalogue"		
L languageID	Type xs:/anguage Use optional	Rules OP-T19-012 - languageID MUST be coded using ISO code list 639-1		
cbc:IssueDate	Occurence 1 1 Type cbc:lssueDateType Info req.ID tir19-006 Bus req.ID tbr19-0062	Term name Catalogue issue date BII Usage The date on which the catalogue instance was issued. Rules BII2-T19-R003 - A catalogue MUST contain the date of issue		
cbc:VersionID	Occurence 0 1 Type cbc:VersionIDType Info req.ID tir19-004 Bus req.ID tbr19-0001	Term name BII Usage Catalogue version The version of the catalogue revision. The version ID is used to controll how a Catalogue transaction acts on existing lines that are not stated in the transactions. Should they be left alone or deleted. If Catalogue transaction is "Replace" then action codes on the line have no relevance. All existing lines are deleted and the ones stated in the Catalogue transaction added. If Catalogue transaction is "Update" then action codes on lines controll each line.		
cac:ValidityPeriod	Occurence 1 1 Type cac:PeriodType	Rules BII2-T19-R006 - A validity period end date MUST be later or equal to a validity period start date if both validity period end date and validity period start date are present.		
cbc:StartDate	Occurence 0 1 Type cbc:StartDateType Info req.ID tir19-007 Bus req.ID tbr19-0003	Term name Period start date BII Usage The date on which the period starts. The start dates counts as part of the period.		
cbc:EndDate	Occurence 0 1 Type cbc:EndDateType Info req.ID tir19-008 Bus req.ID tbr19-0003	Term name BII Usage The date on which the period ends. The end date counts as part of the period. Rules BII2-T19-R006 – A validity period end date MUST be later or equal to a validity period start date if both validity period end date and validity period start date are present		
cac:ReferencedContract	Occurence 0 1 Type cac:ContractType			

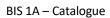


Element/Attribute	Description	Usage/Rules/Code lists
cbc:ID	Occurence 1 1 Type cbc:IDType Info req.ID tir19-028 Bus req.ID tbr19-0006	Term name Reference identifier BII Usage Positive identification of the reference such as a unique identifier.
cbc:lssueDate	Occurence 0 1 Type cbc:lssueDateType Info req.ID OP-T19-032	Term name Contract Issue date Bil Usage Issue date for referenced contract
cbc:ContractType	Occurence 0 1 Type cbc:ContractTypeType Info req.ID tir19-052 Bus req.ID tbr19-0006	Term name Reference type BII Usage The short description of what is reference such as contract type, document type, meter etc.
cac:SourceCatalogueReference	Occurence 0 1 Type cac:CatalogueReferenceType	
cbc:ID	Occurence 1 1 Type cbc:IDType Info req.ID tir19-019 Bus req.ID tbr19-0062	Term name Bil Usage Identifies the existing, already received catalogue that this message should be acted upon, so that no discrepancies occur between the suppliers and customers information.
schemelD	Type xs:normalizedString Use optional	
cac:ProviderParty	Occurence 1 1 Type cac:PartyType	Rules BII2-T19-R007 - The party providing the catalogue MUST be specified
cbc:EndpointID	Occurence 0 1 Type cbc:EndpointIDType Info req.ID tir19-009 Bus req.ID tbr19-0007	Term name Electronic address ID BII Usage A catalogue may contain the providing party electronic address. The address can be of any format and the format should be identified in the message.
		Rules EUGEN-T19-R043 - An endpoint identifier MUST have a scheme identifier attribute
schemeID	Type xs:normalizedString Use required	Rules OP-T19-005 - An Endpoint Identifier Scheme MUST be from the list of PEPPOL Party Identifiers.
cac:Partyldentification	Occurence 0 1 Type cac:PartyIdentificationType	
cbc:ID	Occurence 1 1 Type cbc:IDType Info req.ID tir19-010 Bus req.ID tbr19-0007	Term name BII Usage Use in the absence of or in addition to Party Name. Use an identifier known to the document recipient. Rules BII2-T19-R010 - A catalogue provider MUST contain the full name or an identifier EUGEN-T19-R044 - A party identifier MUST have a scheme identifier attribute



Element/Attribute	Descripti	Description		les/Code lists
schemeID	Type Use	xs:normalizedString required	Rules	OP-T19-006 - An Party Identifier Scheme MUST be from the list of PEPPOL Party Identifiers
cac:PartyName	Occurence Type	0 1 cac:PartyNameType		
L cbc:Name	Occurence Type Info req.ID	1 1 cbc:NameType tir19-011	Term name BII Usage	Party name Use in the absence of or in addition to Party Identifier.
	Bus req.ID	tbr19-0007	Rules	BII2-T19-R010 - A catalogue provider MUST contain the full name or an identifier
cac:PostalAddress	Occurence Type	0 1 cac:AddressType		
cbc:StreetName	Occurence Type Info req.ID	0 1 cbc:StreetNameType OP-T19-029a	Term name BII Usage	Address line 1 The main address line in a postal address usually the street name and number.
cbc:AdditionalStreetName	Occurence Type Info req.ID	0 1 cbc:AdditionalStreetNameType OP-T19-029b	Term name BII Usage	Address line 2 An additional address line in a postal address that can be used to give further details supplementing the main line. Common use are secondary house number in a complex or in a building.
cbc:CityName	Occurence Type Info req.ID	0 1 cbc:CityNameType OP-T19-029c	Term name BII Usage	City The common name of the city where the postal address is. The name is written in full rather than as a code.
cbc:PostalZone	Occurence Type Info req.ID	0 1 cbc:PostalZoneType OP-T19-029d	Term name BII Usage	Post code The identifier for an addressable group of properties according to the relevant national postal service, such as a ZIP code or Post Code.
cbc:CountrySubentity	Occurence Type Info req.ID	0 1 cbc:CountrySubentityType OP-T19-029e	Term name BII Usage	Country Subdivision For specifying a region, county, state, province etc. within a country by using text.
cac:Country	Occurence Type	0 1 cac:CountryType		
cbc:IdentificationCode	Occurence Type Info req.ID	0 1 cbc:IdentificationCodeType OP-T19-029f	Term name BII Usage	Country code The country where the address is. The country should always be given by using ISO code 3166 alpha 2
			Rules	OP-T19-001 - Country codes in a catalogue MUST be coded using ISO code list 3166-1 alpha2
L listID	Type Use	xs:normalizedString required	Rules	EUGEN-T19-R047 - A country identification code MUST have a list identifier attribute "ISO3166-1:Alpha2"
cac:PartyLegalEntity	Occurence	0 unbounded		







lement/Attribute	Description	Usage/Rules/Code lists
cbc:RegistrationName	Type cac:PartyLegalEntityType Occurence 0 1 Type cbc:RegistrationNameType Info req.ID OP-T19-028b	Term name Provider legal registration name BII Usage The name under which the provider is legally registered.
cbc:CompanyID	Occurence 0 1 Type cbc:CompanyIDType Info req.ID OP-T19-028a	Term name Provider legal registration identifier BII Usage A catalogue may contain the identifier assigned to the party by the national company registrar.
schemelD cac:RegistrationAddress	Type xs:normalizedString Use required Occurence 0 1	Rules OP-T19-013 - A Party Company Identifier Scheme MUST be from the list of PEPPOL Party Identifiers
cbc:CityName	Type cac:AddressType Occurence 0 1 Type cbc:CityNameType Info req.ID OP-T19-028c	Term name Provider legal registration city BII Usage The name of the city where the provider is legally registered.
cac:Country	Occurence 0 1 Type cac:CountryType	
cbc:IdentificationCode	Occurence 0 1 Type cbc:IdentificationCodeType Info req.ID OP-T19-028d	Term name BII Usage Provider legal registration country The country in which the provider is legally registered. Rules OP-T19-001 - Country codes in a catalogue MUST be coded using ISO code list 3166-1 alpha2
listID	Type xs:normalizedString Use required	Rules EUGEN-T19-R047 - A country identification code MUST have a list identifier attribute "ISO3166-1:Alpha2"
cac:ReceiverParty	Occurence 1 1 Type cac:PartyType	Rules BII2-T19-R008 - The party receiving the catalogue MUST be specified
cbc:EndpointID	Occurence 0 1 Type cbc:EndpointIDType Info req.ID tir19-012 Bus req.ID tbr19-0010	Term name BII Usage A catalogue may contain the receiving party electronic address. The address can be of any format and the format should be identified in the message. Rules EUGEN-T19-R043 - An endpoint identifier MUST have a
l l	T	scheme identifier attribute
L schemeID	Type xs:normalizedString Use required	Rules OP-T19-005 - An Endpoint Identifier Scheme MUST be from the list of PEPPOL Party Identifiers.
cac:Partyldentification	Occurence 0 1 Type cac:PartyldentificationType	



Element/Attribute	Description	Usage/Rules/Code lists
cbc:ID	Occurence 1 1 Type cbc:IDType Info req.ID tir19-013 Bus req.ID tbr19-0010	Term name Bill Usage Use in the absence of or in addition to Party Name. Use an identifier known to the document recipient. Rules BII2-T19-R011 - A catalogue receiver MUST contain the full name or an identifier EUGEN-T19-R044 - A party identifier MUST have a scheme identifier attribute
schemelD	Type xs:normalizedString Use required	Rules OP-T19-006 - An Party Identifier Scheme MUST be from the list of PEPPOL Party Identifiers
cac:PartyName	Occurence 0 1 Type cac:PartyNameType	
L cbc:Name	Occurence 1 1 Type cbc:NameType Info req.ID tir19-014 Bus req.ID tbr19-0010	Term name Bill Usage Use in the absence of or in addition to Party Identifier. Rules BII2-T19-R011 - A catalogue receiver MUST contain the full name or an identifier
cac:PostalAddress	Occurence 0 1 Type cac:AddressType	
cbc:StreetName	Occurence 0 1 Type cbc:StreetNameType Info req.ID OP-T19-031a	Term name Address line 1 BII Usage The main address line in a postal address usually the street name and number.
cbc:AdditionalStreetName	Occurence 0 1 Type cbc:AdditionalStreetNameType Info req.ID OP-T19-031b	Term name Bill Usage An additional address line in a postal address that can be used to give further details supplementing the main line. Common use are secondary house number in a complex or in a building.
cbc:CityName	Occurence 0 1 Type cbc:CityNameType Info req.ID OP-T19-031c	Term name City BII Usage The common name of the city where the postal address is. The name is written in full rather than as a code.
cbc:PostalZone	Occurence 0 1 Type cbc:PostalZoneType Info req.ID OP-T19-031d	Term name Post code BII Usage The identifier for an addressable group of properties according to the relevant national postal service, such as a ZIP code or Post Code.
cbc:CountrySubentity	Occurence 0 1 Type cbc:CountrySubentityType Info req.ID OP-T19-031e	Term name Country Subdivision BII Usage For specifying a region, county, state, province etc. within a country by using text.
cac:Country	Occurence 0 1 Type cac:CountryType	



lement/Attribute	Descripti	Description		les/Code lists
cbc:IdentificationCode	Occurence Type Info req.ID	0 1 cbc:IdentificationCodeType OP-T19-031f	Term name BII Usage	Country code The country where the address is. The country should always be given by using ISO code 3166 alpha 2
			Rules	OP-T19-001 - Country codes in a catalogue MUST be coded using ISO code list 3166-1 alpha2
listID	Type Use	xs:normalizedString required	Rules	EUGEN-T19-R047 - A country identification code MUST have a list identifier attribute "ISO3166-1:Alpha2"
cac:PartyLegalEntity	Occurence Type	unbounded cac:PartyLegalEntityType		
cbc:RegistrationName	Occurence Type Info req.ID	1 cbc:RegistrationNameType OP-T19-030b	Term name BII Usage	Receiver legal registration name The name under which the receiver is legally registered.
cbc:CompanyID	Occurence Type Info req.ID	0 1 cbc:CompanyIDType OP-T19-030a	Term name BII Usage	Receiver legal registration identifier A catalogue may contain the identifier assigned to the party by the national company registrar.
schemelD	Type Use	xs:normalizedString required	Rules	OP-T19-013 - A Party Company Identifier Scheme MUST be from the list of PEPPOL Party Identifiers
cac:RegistrationAddress	Occurence Type	0 1 cac:AddressType		
cbc:CityName	Occurence Type Info req.ID	0 1 cbc:CityNameType OP-T19-030c	Term name BII Usage	Receiver legal registration city The name of the city where the receiver is legally registered.
cac:Country	Occurence Type	0 1 cac:CountryType		
cbc:IdentificationCode	Occurence Type Info req.ID	0 1 cbc:IdentificationCodeType OP-T19-030d	Term name Bli Usage Rules	Receiver legal registration country The country in which the receiver is legally registered. OP-T19-001 - Country codes in a catalogue MUST be
	_			coded using ISO code list 3166-1 alpha2
L listID	Type Use	xs:normalizedString required	Rules	EUGEN-T19-R047 - A country identification code MUST have a list identifier attribute "ISO3166-1:Alpha2"
cac:SellerSupplierParty	Occurence Type	0 1 cac:SupplierPartyType	Rules	BII2-T19-R009 - A catalogue MUST have maximum one catalogue supplier
cac:Party	Occurence Type	0 1 cac:PartyType		



ent/Attribute	Description	Usage/Rules/Code lists		
cbc:EndpointID	Occurence 0 1 Type cbc:EndpointIDType Info req.ID tir19-015 Bus req.ID tbr19-0066	Term name BII Usage A catalogue may contain the receiving party electronic address. The address can be of any format and the format should be identified in the message.		
		Rules EUGEN-T19-R043 - An endpoint identifier MUST have a scheme identifier attribute		
schemeID	Type xs:normalizedString Use required	Rules OP-T19-005 - An Endpoint Identifier Scheme MUST be from the list of PEPPOL Party Identifiers.		
cac:Partyldentification	Occurence 0 1 Type cac:PartyIdentificationType			
cbc:ID	Occurence 1 1 Type cbc:IDType Info req.ID tir19-016 Bus req.ID tbr19-0066	Term name Party identifier BII Usage Use in the absence of or in addition to Party Name. Use an identifier known to the document recipient.		
		Rules BII2-T19-R012 - A catalogue supplier MUST contain the full name or an identifier EUGEN-T19-R044 – A party identifier MUST have a scheme identifier attribute		
schemeID	Type xs:normalizedString Use required	Rules OP-T19-006 - An Party Identifier Scheme MUST be from the list of PEPPOL Party Identifiers		
cac:PartyName	Occurence 0 1 Type cac:PartyNameType			
L cbc:Name	Occurence 1 1 Type cbc:NameType Info req.ID tir19-017 Bus req.ID tbr19-0066	Term name Party name Bil Usage Use in the absence of or in addition to Party Identifier. Pulse Pulse Pulse A estalogue cumplier MUST contain the		
	·	Rules BII2-T19-R012 - A catalogue supplier MUST contain the full name or an identifier		
cac:PostalAddress	Occurence 0 1 Type cac:AddressType			
cbc:StreetName	Occurence 0 1 Type cbc:StreetNameType Info req.ID tir19-021 Bus req.ID tbr19-0066	Term name Address line 1 BII Usage The main address line in a postal address usually the street name and number.		
cbc:AdditionalStreetName	Occurence 0 1 Type cbc:AdditionalStreetNameType Info req.ID tir19-022 Bus req.ID tbr19-0066	Term name Bil Usage Address line 2 An additional address line in a postal address that can be used to give further details supplementing the main line. Common use are secondary house number in a complex or in a building.		

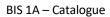


Element/Attribute	Description	Usage/Rules/Code lists
cbc:CityName	Occurence 0 1 Type cbc:CityNameType Info req.ID tir19-023 Bus req.ID tbr19-0066	Term name City BII Usage The common name of the city where the postal address is. The name is written in full rather than as a code.
cbc:PostalZone	Occurence 0 1 Type cbc:PostalZoneType Info req.ID tir19-024 Bus req.ID tbr19-0066	Term name Post code BII Usage The identifier for an addressable group of properties according to the relevant national postal service, such as a ZIP code or Post Code.
cbc:CountrySubentity	Occurence 0 1 Type cbc:CountrySubentityType Info req.ID tir19-025 Bus req.ID tbr19-0066	Term name Country subdivision BII Usage For specifying a region, county, state, province etc. within a country by using text.
cac:Country	Occurence 0 1 Type cac:CountryType	
cbc:IdentificationCode	Occurence 0 1 Type cbc:IdentificationCodeType Info req.ID tir19-026 Bus req.ID tbr19-0066	Term name BII Usage The country where the address is. The country should always be given by using ISO code 3166 alpha 2 Rules OP-T19-001 - Country codes in a catalogue MUST be coded using ISO code list 3166-1 alpha2
listID	Type xs:normalizedString Use required	Rules EUGEN-T19-R047 - A country identification code MUST have a list identifier attribute "ISO3166-1:Alpha2"
cac:Contact	Occurence 0 1 Type cac:ContactType	
cbc:Name	Occurence 0 1 Type cbc:NameType Info req.ID tir19-027 Bus req.ID tbr19-0066	Term name Contact person name BII Usage The name of the contact person.
cbc:Telephone	Occurence 0 1 Type cbc:TelephoneType Info req.ID tir19-030 Bus req.ID tbr19-0066	Term name Contact telephone number BII Usage A phone number for the contact person. If the person has a direct number, this is that number.
cbc:Telefax	Occurence 0 1 Type cbc:TelefaxType Info req.ID tir19-029 Bus req.ID tbr19-0066	Term name Contact fax number BII Usage A fax number for the contact persons.



Element/Attribute	Description		Usage/Rul	es/Code lists
Cbc:ElectronicMail	Occurence 0 Type cbc:E Info req.ID tir19-0 Bus req.ID tbr19-	lectronicMailType 031	Term name BII Usage	Contact email address The e-mail address for the contact person. If the person has a direct e-mail this is that email.
cac:ContractorCustomerParty	Occurence 0 Type cac:C	1 ustomerPartyType		
cac:Party	Occurence 0 Type cac:P	1 artyType		
cbc:EndpointID	Occurence 0	1 ndpointIDType 054	Term name BII Usage	Electronic address ID A catalogue may contain the receiving party electronic address. The address can be of any format and the format should be identified in the message.
			Rules	EUGEN-T19-R043 - An endpoint identifier MUST have a scheme identifier attribute
schemeID schemeID	Type xs:no. Use requir	rmalizedString ed	Rules	OP-T19-005 - An Endpoint Identifier Scheme MUST be from the list of PEPPOL Party Identifiers.
cac:PartyIdentification	Occurence 0 Type cac:P	1 artyldentificationType		
cbc:ID	Occurence 1 Type cbc:IC Info req.ID tir19- Bus req.ID tbr19-	OType O55	Term name BII Usage Rules	Party identifier Use in the absence of or in addition to Party Name. Use an identifier known to the document recipient. BII2-T19-R013 - A catalogue customer MUST contain
				the full name or an identifier EUGEN-T19-R044 – A party identifier MUST have a scheme identifier attribute
schemeID	Type xs:no. Use requir	rmalizedString ed	Rules	OP-T19-006 - An Party Identifier Scheme MUST be from the list of PEPPOL Party Identifiers
cac:PartyName	Occurence 0 Type cac:P	1 artyNameType		
L cbc:Name	Occurence 1 Type cbc:N Info req.ID tir19-0 Bus req.ID tbr19-	ameType 079	Term name BII Usage Rules	Party name Use in the absence of or in addition to Party Identifier. BII2-T19-R013 - A catalogue customer MUST contain the full name or an identifier
cac:Contact	Occurence 0 Type cac:C	1 ontactType		THE TAIL THE STATE LANGE TO THE TAIL THE THE TAIL THE TAIL THE TAIL THE TAIL THE TAI
cbc:ID	Occurence 0 Type cbc:IE	1	Term name	Contact ID







ement/Attribute	Description	Usage/Rul	es/Code lists
cbc:Name	Occurence 0 1 Type cbc:NameTyp Info req.ID tir19-080 Bus req.ID tbr19-0067	Term name e BII Usage	Contact person name The name of the contact person.
cbc:Telephone	Occurence 0 1 Type cbc:Telephone Info req.ID tir19-082 Bus req.ID tbr19-0067	Term name eType BII Usage	Contact telephone number A phone number for the contact person. If the person has a direct number, this is that number.
cbc:Telefax	Occurence 0 1 Type cbc:TelefaxTy Info req.ID tir19-081 Bus req.ID tbr19-0067	pe BII Usage	Contact fax number A fax number for the contact persons.
cbc:ElectronicMail	Occurence 0 1 Type cbc:Electronic Info req.ID tir19-083 Bus req.ID tbr19-0067	Term name MailType BII Usage	Contact email address The e-mail address for the contact person. If the person has a direct e-mail this is that email.
_ cac:TradingTerms	Occurence 0 unbound Type cac:TradingTe		
cbc:Information	Occurence 0 unbour Type cbc:Informatio Info req.ID OP-T19-019	nded Term name	General payment conditions
languageID	Type xs:language Use optional	Rules	OP-T19-012 - languageID MUST be coded using ISO code list 639-1
_ cac:CatalogueLine	Occurence 1 unbound Type cac:Catalogue		BII2-T19-R023 - A catalogue MUST have at least one catalogue line
cbc:ID	Occurence 1 1 Type cbc:IDType Info req.ID tir19-032 Bus req.ID tbr19-0063	Term name BII Usage	Line identifier Each line must have an identifier that is unique within the document to make it possible to positively reference the line. For example, from other documents.
		Rules	BII2-T19-R024 - A catalogue line MUST contain a unique line identifier

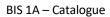


Element/Attribute	Description		Usage/Rules/Code lists		
cbc:ActionCode	Occurence Type Info req.ID Bus req.ID	0 1 cbc:ActionCodeType tir19-033 tbr19-0050	Term name BII Usage Rules	Line action code Used to instruct the catalogue receier on what action should be taken on the identified line when revising a catalogue. See rule on catalogue version ID. When using Update or Delete codes, the entire Catalogue Line is updated or deleted. CL-T19-001 - The action code for a catalogue line MUST	
			5 /	be Add, Update or Delete if present	
L listID	Type Use	xs:normalizedString required	Rules	EUGEN-T19-R045 - A catalogue line action code MUST have a list identifier attribute "ACTIONCODE:BII2"	
cbc:ContractSubdivision	Occurence Type Info req.ID	1 cbc:ContractSubdivisionType OP-T19-036	Term name BII Usage	Contract Subdivision Used to reference a subsection of the contract referenced on header level but not recognized as a BII requirement. Removed.	
cbc:OrderableIndicator	Occurence Type Info req.ID Bus req.ID	0 1 cbc:OrderableIndicatorType tir19-034 tbr19-0064	Term name BII Usage	Orderable indicator Default value is True i.e. Item on the Catalogue Line can be ordered. Can be used to indicate if an Item is temporarily out of stock (via a Catalogue Update).	
cbc:OrderableUnit	Occurence Type Info req.ID Bus req.ID	0 1 cbc:OrderableUnitType tir19-035 tbr19-0042	Term name BII Usage	Orderable unit The unit in which the item described in this catalogue line can be ordered. The same item can be described in more than one catalogue line with different orderble units. E.g. catalogue line 1 describes item X that can be ordered in boxes at a given price. Line 2 may describe the same item X as orderable in pallets where the price is lower.	
			Rules	OP-T19-010 - Orderable unit code MUST be coded according to the UN/ECE Recommendation 20	
cbc:ContentUnitQuantity	Occurence Type Info req.ID Bus req.ID	0 1 cbc:ContentUnitQuantityType tir19-061 tbr19-023	Term name Bli Usage	Item net quantity The net quantity of the item that is contained in each consumable unit, excluding any packaging materials.	
unitCode	Type Use	xs:normalizedString required	Rules	OP-T19-002 - Unit code MUST be coded according to the UN/ECE Recommendation 20	
unitCodeListID	Type Use	xs:normalizedString required	Rules	EUGEN-T19-R048 - A unit code attribute MUST have a unit code list identifier attribute "UNECERec20"	



ement/Attribute	Description	Usage/Ru	les/Code lists	
cbc:OrderQuantityIncrementNumeric	Occurence 0 1 Type cbc:OrderQuantii Info req.ID tir19-037 Bus req.ID tbr19-0042	Term name BII Usage	Order quantity increment The increment of Orderable units that can be ordered.	
cbc:MinimumOrderQuantity	Occurence 0 1 Type cbc:MinimumOrd Info req.ID tir19-038 Bus req.ID tbr19-0042	erQuantityType Term name BII Usage	Minimum order quantity The minimum number of orderable units that can be ordered according to details provided in the catalogue line, such as price.	
		Rules	BII2-T19-R030 - Minimum quantity MUST be greater than zero	
unitCode	Type xs:normalizedStr Use required	ing Rules	OP-T19-002 - Unit code MUST be coded according to the UN/ECE Recommendation 20	
unitCodeListID	Type xs:normalizedStr Use required	ing Rules	EUGEN-T19-R048 - A unit code attribute MUST have a unit code list identifier attribute "UNECERec20"	
cbc:MaximumOrderQuantity	Occurence 0 1 Type cbc:MaximumOrc Info req.ID tir19-039 Bus req.ID tbr19-0042	Term name derQuantityType BII Usage	Maximum order quantity The maximum number of orderable units that can be ordered according to details provided in the catalogue line, such as price.	
		Rules	BII2-T19-R029 - Maximum quantity MUST be greater than zero BII2-T19-R031 - Maximum quantity MUST be greater or equal to the Minimum quantity	
unitCode	Type xs:normalizedStr Use required	ing Rules	OP-T19-002 - Unit code MUST be coded according to the UN/ECE Recommendation 20	
unitCodeListID	Type xs:normalizedString Use required	ing Rules	EUGEN-T19-R048 - A unit code attribute MUST have a unit code list identifier attribute "UNECERec20"	
cbc:WarrantyInformation	Occurence 0 1 Type cbc:WarrantyInfo Info req.ID tir19-040 Bus req.ID tbr19-0047	Term name rmationType BII Usage	Line warranty information Warranty information that applies to the catalogue line item.	
languageID	Type xs:language Use optional	Rules	OP-T19-012 - languageID MUST be coded using ISO code list 639-1	
cbc:PackLevelCode	Occurence 0 1 Type cbc:PackLevelCo Info req.ID tir19-102 Bus req.ID tbr19-0023	Term name odeType Bil Usage Rules	Packaging level The packing level of the catalogue line. OP-T19-008 - A package level code MUST be from the	
	•		PEPPOL subset of GS1 7009 code list	
L listID	Type xs:normalizedStr Use required	-	EUGEN-T19-R050 - A package level code MUST have a list identifier attribute "GS17009:PEPPOL"	
cac:LineValidityPeriod	Occurence 0 1 Type cac:PeriodType	Rules	BII2-T19-R017 - Catalogue line validity period MUST be within the range of the whole	

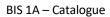






lement/Attribute	Description		Usage/Rules/Code lists		
cbc:StartDate	Occurence 0 1 Type cbc:StartDateType Info req.ID tir19-041 Bus req.ID tbr19-0041, tbr19-0043	Term name Bli Usage	catalogue validity period Period start date The date on which the period starts. The start dates counts as part of the period.		
cbc:EndDate	Occurence 0 1 Type cbc:EndDateType Info req.ID tir19-042 Bus req.ID tbr19-0041, tbr19-0043	Term name BII Usage Rules	Period end date The date on which the period ends. The end date counts as part of the period. BII2-T19-R006 – A validity period end date MUST be later or equal to a validity period start date if both validity period end date and validity period start date are present		
cac:ItemComparison	Occurence 0 unbounded Type cac:ltemComparisonType				
cbc:PriceAmount	Occurence 0 1 Type cbc:PriceAmountType Info req.ID tir19-043 Bus req.ID tbr19-046	Term name BII Usage	Standardized unit price The item price based on a standarized unit. E.g. Price of each liter. See guideline on Items and packing units in a catalogue.		
currencyID	Type xs:normalizedString Use required	Rules	OP-T19-011 - Currency ID MUST be coded using ISO code list 4217		
cbc:Quantity	Occurence 0 1 Type cbc:QuantityType Info req.ID tir19-044 Bus req.ID tbr19-0046	Term name BII Usage	Standard unit quantity The quantity of standard units that are in each consumable unit. E.g. if consumable units are bottles and each bottle contains 0,333 liters the standard unit quantity is 0,333 See guideline on Items and packing units in a catalogue.		
unitCode	Type xs:normalizedString Use required	Rules	OP-T19-002 - Unit code MUST be coded according to the UN/ECE Recommendation 20		
unitCodeListID	Type xs:normalizedString Use required	Rules	EUGEN-T19-R048 - A unit code attribute MUST have a unit code list identifier attribute "UNECERec20"		
cac:ComponentRelatedItem	Occurence 0 unbounded Type cac:RelatedItemType				
cbc:ID	Occurence 0 1 Type cbc:IDType Info req.ID tir19-045 Bus req.ID tbr19-0019, tbr19-0034	Term name BII Usage	Item identifier The sellers identifier for the related item.		
cbc:Quantity	Occurence 0 1 Type cbc:QuantityType Info req.ID tir19-046 Bus req.ID tbr19-0019, tbr19-0034	Term name BII Usage	Item quantity The quantity that applies to the relationship.		







ment/Attribute	Description		Usage/Rules/Code lists		
unitCode	Type xs:normalizedString Use required		Rules	OP-T19-002 - Unit code MUST be coded according to the UN/ECE Recommendation 20	
unitCodeListID	Туре	xs:normalizedString required	Rules	EUGEN-T19-R048 - A unit code attribute MUST have a unit code list identifier attribute "UNECERec20"	
cac:AccessoryRelatedItem		unbounded cac:RelatedItemType			
cbc:ID	Type Info req.ID	0 1 cbc:IDType tir19-118 tbr19-073	Term name BII Usage	Item identifier The sellers identifier for the related item.	
cbc:Quantity	Type Info req.ID	0 1 cbc:QuantityType tir19-119 tbr19-073	Term name BII Usage	Item quantity The quantity that applies to the relationship.	
unitCode		xs:normalizedString required	Rules	OP-T19-002 - Unit code MUST be coded according to the UN/ECE Recommendation 20	
unitCodeListID	Use	xs:normalizedString required	Rules	EUGEN-T19-R048 - A unit code attribute MUST have a unit code list identifier attribute "UNECERec20"	
cac:RequiredRelatedItem		unbounded cac:RelatedItemType			
cbc:ID	Type Info req.ID	0 1 cbc:IDType tir19-048 tbr19-0019, tbr19-0034	Term name BII Usage	Item identifier The sellers identifier for the related item.	
cbc:Quantity	Type Info req.ID	0 1 cbc:QuantityType tir19-049 tbr19-0019, tbr19-0034	Term name BII Usage	Item quantity The quantity that applies to the relationship.	
unitCode		xs:normalizedString required	Rules	OP-T19-002 - Unit code MUST be coded according to the UN/ECE Recommendation 20	
unitCodeListID	Use	xs:normalizedString required	Rules	EUGEN-T19-R048 - A unit code attribute MUST have a unit code list identifier attribute "UNECERec20"	
cac:ReplacedRelatedItem	Type	unbounded cac:RelatedItemType			
cbc:ID	Type Info req.ID	0 1 cbc:IDType tir19-120 tbr19-072	Term name BII Usage	Item identifier The sellers identifier for the related item.	





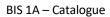


nent/Attribute	Description		Usage/Rules/Code lists		
cbc:Quantity	Occurence Type Info req.ID Bus req.ID	0 1 cbc:QuantityType tir19-121 tbr19-072	Term name BII Usage	Item quantity The quantity that applies to the relationship.	
unitCode	Type Use	xs:normalizedString required	Rules	OP-T19-002 - Unit code MUST be coded according to the UN/ECE Recommendation 20	
unitCodeListID	Type Use	xs:normalizedString required	Rules	EUGEN-T19-R048 - A unit code attribute MUST have a unit code list identifier attribute "UNECERec20"	
cac:RequiredItemLocationQuantity	Occurence Type	unbounded cac:ItemLocationQuantityType			
cbc:LeadTimeMeasure	Occurence Type Info req.ID Bus req.ID	0 1 cbc:LeadTimeMeasureType tir19-053 tbr19-0034	Term name BII Usage	Price lead time The order lead time for the particular location.	
unitCode	Type Use	xs:normalizedString required	Rules	OP-T19-002 - Unit code MUST be coded according to the UN/ECE Recommendation 20	
cbc:MinimumQuantity	Occurence Type Info req.ID	0 1 cbc:MinimumQuantityType OP-T19-025	Term name	Quantity threshold	
unitCode	Type Use	xs:normalizedString required	Rules	OP-T19-002 - Unit code MUST be coded according to the UN/ECE Recommendation 20	
unitCodeListID	Type xs:normalizedSti	xs:normalizedString required	Rules	EUGEN-T19-R048 - A unit code attribute MUST have a unit code list identifier attribute "UNECERec20"	
cbc:MaximumQuantity	Occurence Type Info req.ID	0 1 cbc:MaximumQuantityType OP-T19-026	Term name	Quantity ceiling	
unitCode	Type Use	xs:normalizedString required	Rules	OP-T19-002 - Unit code MUST be coded according to the UN/ECE Recommendation 20	
unitCodeListID	Type Use	xs:normalizedString required	Rules	EUGEN-T19-R048 - A unit code attribute MUST have a unit code list identifier attribute "UNECERec20"	
cac:ApplicableTerritoryAddress	Occurence Type	0 unbounded cac:AddressType			
cbc:StreetName	Occurence Type Info req.ID Bus req.ID	0 1 cbc:StreetNameType tir19-108 tbr19-049	Term name BII Usage	Address line 1 The main address line in a postal address usually the street name and number.	



lement/Attribute		Descripti	Description		Usage/Rules/Code lists		
	—— cbc:AdditionalStreetName	Occurence Type Info req.ID Bus req.ID	0 1 cbc:AdditionalStreetNameType tir19-109 tbr19-049	Term name BII Usage	Address line 2 An additional address line in a postal address that can be used to give further details supplementing the main line. Common use are secondary house number in a complex or in a building.		
	cbc:CityName	Occurence Type Info req.ID Bus req.ID	0 1 cbc:CityNameType tir19-060 tir19-110 tbr19-0034 tbr19-049	Term name BII Usage	City The common name of the city where the postal address is. The name is written in full rather than as a code. The common name of the city where the postal address is. The name is written in full rather than as a code.		
	cbc:PostalZone	Occurence Type Info req.ID Bus req.ID	0 1 cbc:PostalZoneType tir19-111 tbr19-049	Term name BII Usage	Post code The identifier for an addressable group of properties according to the relevant national postal service, such as a ZIP code or Post Code.		
	cbc:CountrySubentity	Occurence Type Info req.ID Bus req.ID	0 1 cbc:CountrySubentityType tir19-112 tir19-062 tbr19-049 tbr19-0034	Term name BII Usage	Country subdivision For specifying a region, county, state, province etc. within a country by using text. For specifying a region, county, state, province etc. within a country by using text.		
	cac:Country	Occurence Type	0 1 cac:CountryType				
	cbc:IdentificationCode	Occurence Type Info req.ID Bus req.ID	0 1 cbc:IdentificationCodeType tir19-063 tir19-113 tbr19-0034 tbr19-049	Term name BII Usage Rules	Country code The country where the address is. The country should always be given by using ISO code 3166 alpha 2 The country where the address is. The country should always be given by using ISO code 3166 alpha 2 OP-T19-001 - Country codes in a catalogue MUST be coded using ISO code list 3166-1 alpha2		
	listID	Type Use	xs:normalizedString required	Rules	EUGEN-T19-R047 - A country identification code MUST have a list identifier attribute "ISO3166-1:Alpha2"		
cac:Price		Occurence Type	0 1 cac:PriceType		The second of th		
	cbc:PriceAmount	Occurence Type Info req.ID Bus req.ID	1 1 cbc:PriceAmountType tir19-051 tbr19-0034	Term name Bll Usage Rules	Item price The price for the item at the specified locations. The price is given for each orderable unit. BII2-T19-R015 - Prices of items MUST not be negative		
.4	currencyID	Туре	xs:normalizedString	Rules	OP-T19-011 - Currency ID MUST be coded using ISO		







ment/Attribute	Descripti	on	Usage/Rules/Code lists		
cbc:BaseQuantity	Use Occurence	required 0 1	Term name	code list 4217 Base Quantity	
	Type Info req.ID	cbc:BaseQuantityType OP-T19-024		·	
unitCode	Type Use	xs:normalizedString required	Rules	OP-T19-002 - Unit code MUST be coded according to the UN/ECE Recommendation 20	
unitCodeListID	Type Use	xs:normalizedString required	Rules	EUGEN-T19-R048 - A unit code attribute MUST have a unit code list identifier attribute "UNECERec20"	
cbc:PriceType	Occurence Type Info req.ID Bus req.ID	0 1 cbc:PriceTypeType tir19-093 tbr19-034	Term name BII Usage	Price type The type of the price so that the receiver knows if the price may be changed, is indicative. When prices are temporary the validity period for the price should be defined by stating the price validity period.	
cbc:OrderableUnitFactorRate	Occurence Type Info req.ID	0 1 cbc:OrderableUnitFactorRateType OP-T19-035	Term name BII Usage	OrderableUnit FactorRate The factor used to convert the Base Quantity to an Orderable Unit. Must be specified if the Orderable Unit differs from the Base Quantity. If not present, assumed value is 1	
cac:ValidityPeriod	Occurence Type	unbounded cac:PeriodType			
cbc:StartDate	Occurence Type Info req.ID Bus req.ID	0 1 cbc:StartDateType tir19-056 tbr19-0048	Term name BII Usage	Period start date The date on which the period starts. The start dates counts as part of the period.	
cbc:EndDate	Occurence Type Info req.ID Bus req.ID	0 1 cbc:EndDateType tir19-057 tbr19-0048	Term name BII Usage	Period end date The date on which the period ends. The end date counts as part of the period.	
	Juo roquib	131 TO 00-TO	Rules	BII2-T19-R006 – A validity period end date MUST be later or equal to a validity period start date if both validity period end date and validity period start date are present	
cac:Item	Occurence Type	1 1 cac:ItemType			
cbc:Description	Occurence Type Info req.ID Bus req.ID	0 unbounded cbc:DescriptionType tir19-067 tbr19-0044	Term name BII Usage	Item description A detailed description of the item. Use one description pr. language	
languageID	Type Use	xs:language optional	Rules	OP-T19-012 - languageID MUST be coded using ISO code list 639-1	





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Element/Attribute	Description	Usage/Rules/Code lists
cbc:PackQuantity	Occurence 0 1 Type cbc:PackQuantityType Info req.ID tir19-066 Bus req.ID tbr19-0023	Term name BII Usage The number of packed units that are in the orderable unit. E.g. if the orderable unit is a pallet that contains 30 boxes then the packed units are BOX and the packed quantity is 30.
unitCode	Type xs:normalizedString Use required	Rules OP-T19-002 - Unit code MUST be coded according to the UN/ECE Recommendation 20
unitCodeListID	Type xs:normalizedString Use required	Rules EUGEN-T19-R048 - A unit code attribute MUST have a unit code list identifier attribute "UNECERec20"
cbc:PackSizeNumeric	Occurence 0 1 Type cbc:PackSizeNumericType Info req.ID tir19-036 Bus req.ID tbr19-0023	Term name Consumable unit quantity BII Usage Specifies the number of consumable units that are in each orderable unit. See guideline on Items and packing units in a catalogue.
cbc:Name	Occurence 0 1 Type cbc:NameType Info req.ID tir19-078 Bus req.ID tbr19-0044	Term name BII Usage A short name for an item. Rules BII2-T19-R019 - An item in a catalogue line SHOULD have a name
languageID	Type xs:language Use optional	Rules OP-T19-012 - languageID MUST be coded using ISO code list 639-1
cbc:Keyword	Occurence 0 unbounded Type cbc:KeywordType Info req.ID tir19-064 Bus req.ID tbr19-0045	Term name Item key words BII Usage Used to specify searchable keywords and/or synonyms for the Item. E.g. Item Name = Colgate or Total / Keyword =Toothpaste
languageID	Type xs:language Use optional	Rules OP-T19-012 - languageID MUST be coded using ISO code list 639-1
cbc:BrandName	Occurence 0 unbounded Type cbc:BrandNameType Info req.ID OP-T19-018	Term name Brand name
cac:SellersItemIdentification	Occurence 0 1 Type cac:ItemIdentificationType	
cbc:ID	Occurence 1 1 Type cbc:IDType Info req.ID tir19-091 Bus req.ID tbr19-0040	Term name Sellers item identifier BII Usage The sellers identifier for the item.
cac:ManufacturersItemIdentification	Occurence 0 1 Type cac:ItemIdentificationType	







ent/Attribute	Description	Us	Usage/Rules/Code lists	
L cbc:ID	Occurence 1 1 Type cbc:IDType Info req.ID tir19-114 Bus req.ID tbr19-040	Term Bli U		rs item identifer urers identifier for the item.
cac:StandardItemIdentification	Occurence 0 1 Type cac:ItemIdentific	cationType		
Cbc:ID	Occurence 1 1 Type cbc:IDType Info req.ID tir19-092 Bus req.ID tbr19-0040	Term BII U Rule	BII2-T19-R020 uniquely ident	rd identifier er based on a registered schema. 0 - An item in a catalogue line MUST be ifiable by at least one of the following: byider identifier, Standard identifier
schemeID	Type xs:normalizedS Use optional			1 - Standard Identifiers SHOULD contain dentifier (e.g.GTIN)
cac: ItemSpecificationDocumentReference	Occurence 0 unbounde Type cac:DocumentR			
cbc:ID	Occurence 1 1 Type cbc:IDType Info req.ID tir19-095 tir19-105 Bus req.ID tbr19-0065 tbr19-065		as an unique i	D ntification of the relevant document, such identifier. ntification of the relevant document, such
cbc:DocumentTypeCode	Occurence 0 1 Type cbc:DocumentT Info req.ID tir19-086a		name External Item	Specifications Type
listID	Type xs:normalizedS Use optional	tring Desc	r: Optional, may	be used in national extensions.
cbc:DocumentDescription	Occurence 0 unbound cbc:DocumentD tir19-096 tir19-106 tbr19-065		Attached item sage A short descri	cument description n description iption of the document type. iption of the document type.
languageID	Type xs:language Use optional	Rule	OP-T19-012 - code list 639-1	languageID MUST be coded using ISO 1
cac:Attachment	Occurence 0 1 Type cac:Attachment	Туре		



Element/Attribute	Descripti	on	Usage/Rul	es/Code lists
cbc: EmbeddedDocumentBinaryObject	Occurence Type Info req.ID Bus req.ID	0 1 cbc:EmbeddedDocumentBinaryObjectType tir19-097 tir19-107 tbr19-0065 tbr19-065	Term name BII Usage	Attached object Attached object The attached document embedded as binary object. The attached document embedded as binary object.
mimeCode	Type Use	xs:normalizedString required	Rules	CL-T19-002 -For Mime code in attribute use MIME Media Type
cac:ExternalReference	Occurence Type	1 cac:ExternalReferenceType		
∟ cbc:URI	Occurence Type Info req.ID Bus req.ID	0 1 cbc:URIType tir19-086 tbr19-0065	Term name BII Usage	External item specifications URI reference to external item information or specifications. E.g. web address
cac:OriginCountry	Occurence Type	0 1 cac:CountryType		
cbc:IdentificationCode	Occurence Type Info req.ID Bus req.ID	0 1 cbc:IdentificationCodeType tir19-071 tbr19-076	Term name BII Usage Rules	Item origin country Used to provide the country from which the item has it's origin. Commonly used in cross border trade for statistical and customs purposes. OP-T19-001 - Country codes in a catalogue MUST be coded using ISO code list 3166-1 alpha2
L listID	Type Use	xs:normalizedString required	Rules	EUGEN-T19-R047 - A country identification code MUST have a list identifier attribute "ISO3166-1:Alpha2"
cac:CommodityClassification	Occurence Type	unbounded cac:CommodityClassificationType		
cbc:ItemClassificationCode	Occurence Type Info req.ID Bus req.ID	0 1 cbc:ItemClassificationCodeType tir19-069 tbr19-0018	Term name BII Usage Rules	Commodity classification A classification code used to classify the type or nature of the Item. More than one classifications can be used including UNSPSC code and CPV code. BII2-T19-R022 - Classification codes SHOULD contain the Classification scheme Identifier (e.g. CPV or UNSPSC)
listID	Type Use	xs:normalizedString required		
name	Type Use	xs:string optional		
cac:TransactionConditions	Occurence Type	unbounded cac:TransactionConditionsType		



ement/Attribute	Description	on	Usage/Rules/Code lists	
cbc:ID	Occurence Type Info req.ID	0 1 cbc:IDType OP-T19-027	Term name	Transaction conditions
cbc:ActionCode	Occurence Type	0 1 cbc:ActionCodeType		
L listID	Type Use	xs:normalizedString optional	Descr:	Optional, may be used in national extensions.
cac:HazardousItem	Occurence Type	unbounded cac:HazardousItemType		
cbc:UNDGCode	Occurence Type Info req.ID	0 1 cbc:UNDGCodeType tir19-072 tbr19-0029	Term name BII Usage Rules	Hazardous UNDG code Provides detail of the classification and nature of a hazardous item. OP-T19-003 - UNDG MUST be coded according to the UN EDIFACT 8273 code list EUGEN-T19-R051 - A UNDG code MUST have a list identifier attribute "UNCL8273"
listID	Type Use	xs:normalizedString required	Rules	EUGEN-T19-R051 - A UNDG code MUST have a list identifier attribute "UNCL8273"
Cbc:HazardClassID	Occurence Type Info req.ID Bus req.ID	0 1 cbc:HazardClassIDType tir19-073 tbr19-0029	Term name BII Usage	Hazard class identifier Provides detail of the classification and nature of a hazardous item.
cac:ClassifiedTaxCategory	Occurence Type	0 1 cac:TaxCategoryType		
cbc:ID	Occurence Type Info req.ID Bus req.ID	0 1 cbc:IDType tir19-094 tbr19-0049	Term name BII Usage Rules	Item VAT category code The VAT code that indicates what VAT details apply to the item. CL-T19-004 - Tax categories MUST be coded using
schemeID	Туре	xs:normalizedString	Rules	UN/ECE 5305 code list EUGEN-T19-R049 - A classified tax category identifier
oho:Porocat	Use	required 0 1	Town norms	MUST have a scheme identifier attribute "UNCL5305"
cbc:Percent	Occurence Type Info req.ID Bus req.ID	cbc:PercentType tir19-050 tbr19-034	Term name BII Usage	Item VAT precentage The VAT percentage rate that applies to the item unless specific trade reasons apply such as exemptions.
cac:TaxScheme	Occurence Type	1 1 cac:TaxSchemeType		



ent/Attribute	Descripti	on	Usage/Rules/Code lists	
└── cbc:ID	Occurence Type Info req.ID	0 1 cbc:IDType 1	Term name	TaxSchemeID
cac:AdditionalItemProperty	Occurence Type	0 unbounded cac:ItemPropertyType		
cbc:Name	Occurence Type Info req.ID Bus req.ID	1 1 cbc:NameType tir19-076 tir19-074 tbr19-0038 tbr19-068	Term name BII Usage	Property name Item expiry date The name of the property. The name must be sufficiently descriptive to define the value. The definition may be supplemented with the property unit of measure when relevant. E.g. Size, Color, Year. Used to express the expiry date of the item or items in the line instance.
languageID	Type Use	xs:language optional	Rules	OP-T19-012 - languageID MUST be coded using ISO code list 639-1
cbc:Value	Occurence Type Info req.ID Bus req.ID	1 1 cbc:ValueType tir19-077 tbr19-0038, tbr19-0039	Term name BII Usage Rules	Property value The value of the item property. E.g. XXL, Blue, 2007. BII2-T19-R027 - An item property data name MUST specify a data value
languageID	Type Use	xs:language optional	Rules	OP-T19-012 - languageID MUST be coded using ISO code list 639-1
cbc:ValueQuantity	Occurence Type Info req.ID Bus req.ID	0 1 cbc:ValueQuantityType tir19-070 OP-T19-020 tbr19-042	Term name BII Usage	Property unit of measure Minimum quantity guaranteed for delivery The unit of measure in which the property value is stated, if relevant. May not be relevant when properties are descriptive.
unitCode	Type Use	xs:normalizedString required	Rules	OP-T19-002 - Unit code MUST be coded according to the UN/ECE Recommendation 20
unitCodeListID	Type Use	xs:normalizedString required	Rules	EUGEN-T19-R048 - A unit code attribute MUST have a unit code list identifier attribute "UNECERec20"
Cbc:ValueQualifier	Occurence Type Info req.ID Bus req.ID	0 unbounded cbc:ValueQualifierType tir19-103 tbr19-0037	Term name BII Usage	Property classification Standardized and predefined classification of items properties.
cac:ManufacturerParty	Occurence Type	0 1 cac:PartyType		
cac:PartyName	Occurence Type	0 1 cac:PartyNameType		

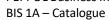
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ement/Attribute	Description		Usage/Rules/Code lists	
Cbc:Name	Type cb Info req.ID tir	1 c:NameType 19-075 -19-0033	Term name BII Usage	Manufacturer party name The name of the manufacturer of the item
cac:ItemInstance		unbounded c:ltemInstanceType		
cbc:BestBeforeDate	Occurence 0 Type cb Info req.ID tir	1 c:BestBeforeDateType 19-058 -19-068	Term name BII Usage	Item best before date Used to express the best before date of the item or items in the line instance.
cac:LotIdentification		1 c:LotIdentificationType		
cbc:LotNumberID	Occurence 0 Type cb Info reg.ID tir	1 c:LotNumberIDType 19-059 19-069	Term name BII Usage	Item batch identifier Identifies the production batch that the item(s) listed in the catalogue line were part of.
cac:Certificate		unbounded c:CertificateType		
cbc:ID	Occurence 1 Type cb Info req.ID tir	1 c:IDType 19-087 19-0035	Term name BII Usage	Label name The name of the product label.
schemelD		:normalizedString tional	Descr:	Optional, may be used in national extensions.
cbc:CertificateTypeCode	Occurence 1	1 c:CertificateTypeCodeType		
cbc:CertificateType	Type cb Info req.ID tir	1 c:CertificateTypeType 19-089 ·19-0035	Term name BII Usage	Label type The label type such environmental, quality, social etc.
cbc:Remarks	Type cb Info req.ID tir	1 c:RemarksType 19-088 ·19-0035	Term name BII Usage	Label value The lable value that applies to the item.
L languagelD		:language tional	Rules	OP-T19-012 - languageID MUST be coded using ISO code list 639-1
cac:lssuerParty	Occurence 1	1 c:PartyType		



ement/Attribute	Description	on	Usage/Rules/Code lists		
cac:PartyName	Type	unbounded cac:PartyNameType			
cbc:Name	Occurence Type	1 1 cbc:NameType			
cac:DocumentReference	Occurence Type	unbounded cac:DocumentReferenceType			
L cbc:ID	Occurence Type Info req.ID Bus req.ID	1 1 cbc:IDType tir19-090 tbr19-0035	Term name BII Usage	Label reference A reference to where the label specification can be found, e.g. a URI.	
cac:Dimension	Occurence Type	0 unbounded cac:DimensionType			
cbc:AttributeID	Occurence Type Info req.ID Bus req.ID	1 1 cbc:AttributeIDType tir19-104 tbr19-0030	BII Usage	Description of requirments that relate to the transport of the item itself or the orderable unit in which it is contained.	
	-		Rules	OP-T19-009 - An attribute identifier MUST be from the UN EDIFACT 6313 code list.	
schemeID	Type Use	xs:normalizedString required	Rules	EUGEN-T19-R053 - An attribute identifier MUST have an scheme identifier "UNCL6313"	
cbc:Measure	Occurence Type Info req.ID	0 1 cbc:MeasureType tir19-098 tir19-099 tir19-100 tir19-101 OP-T19-037 OP-T19-017 OP-T19-016 tbr19-0023 tbr19-0023 tbr19-0023 tbr19-0023	Term name BII Usage	Height Length Width Weight Package Net weight approximately Package Net weight exact Package volume The vertical height of the orderable unit. The horizontal measure of the longer site of the orderable unit The horizontal measure of the shorter side of the orderable unit. The weight of the orderable unit incuding its packaging.	
unitCode unitCode	Type Use	xs:normalizedString required	Rules	OP-T19-002 - Unit code MUST be coded according to the UN/ECE Recommendation 20	
cbc:Description	Occurence Type Info req.ID	unbounded cbc:DescriptionType OP-T19-038	Term name BII Usage	Dimension description Used for differentiating between measures with same attributeID	
languageID	Type Use	xs:language optional	Rules	OP-T19-012 - languageID MUST be coded using ISO code list 639-1	







Element/Attribute	Description	Usage/Rules/Code lists
cbc:MinimumMeasure	Occurence 0 1 Type cbc:MinimumMeasureType Info req.ID tir19-115 OP-T19-015 Bus req.ID tbr19-030	Term name Minimum storage temperature Minimum Storage Humidity BII Usage The lower margin of the recommended storage temerature range for the item.
unitCode	Type xs:normalizedString Use required	Rules OP-T19-002 - Unit code MUST be coded according to the UN/ECE Recommendation 20
cbc:MaximumMeasure	Occurence 0 1 Type cbc:MaximumMeasureType Info req.ID tir19-116 OP-T19-014 Bus req.ID tbr19-030	Term name Maximum storage temperature Maximum Storage Humidity BII Usage The upper margin of the recommended storage temerature range for the item.
unitCode	Type xs:normalizedString Use required	Rules OP-T19-002 - Unit code MUST be coded according to the UN/ECE Recommendation 20



12.2 Catalogue Response message

Occurrence	Element/Attribute	e BII Business Term	Busine ss req.
	Catalogue Respor	nse.	
0 1	cbc:UBLVersionID		
0 1	cbc:CustomizationID	Customization identifier	tir58-006
0 1	cbc:ProfileID	Profile identifier	tir58-005
1 1	cbc:ID	Response identifier	tir58-001
1 1	cbc:IssueDate —	Response issue date	tir58-002
0 1	cbc:IssueTime	Response issue time	tir58-003
0 unbounded	cbc:Note	Response textual notes	tir58-004
1 1	cac:SenderParty +	······································	
0 1	cbc:EndpointID	Electronic address	tir58-009
0 unbounded	cac:Partyldentification	-	
1 1	cbc:ID L	 Party identifier 	tir58-008
0 unbounded	cac:PartyName	-	
1 1	cbc:Name	Party name	tir58-007
1 1	cac:ReceiverParty -	······································	
0 1	cbc:EndpointID	Electronic address	tir58-012
0 unbounded	cac:Partyldentification	-	
1 1	cbc:ID	 Party identifier 	tir58-011
0 unbounded	cac:PartyName	-	
1 1	cbc:Name	Party name	tir58-010
0 unbounded	cac:DocumentResponse		
1 1	cac:Response	-	
0 1	cbc:ResponseCode	 Coded decision 	tir58-014
1 unbounded	cac:DocumentReference)	
1 1	cbc:ID	 Document identifier 	tir58-016
0 1	cbc:VersionID	 Document version 	tir58-017







Element/Attribute	Description	Usage
ApplicationResponse	Type ApplicationResponseType	
cbc:UBLVersionID	Occurence 0 1 Type cbc:UBLVersionIDType	
cbc:CustomizationID	Occurence 0 1 Type cbc:CustomizationIDType Info req.ID tir58-006	Term name Customization identifier BII Usage Identifies the specification of content and rules that apply to the transaction.
cbc:ProfileID	Occurence 0 1 Type cbc:ProfileIDType Info req.ID tir58-005	Term name Profile identifier BII Usage Identifies the BII profile or business process context in which the transaction appears.
cbc:ID	Occurence 1 1 Type cbc:IDType Info req.ID tir58-001 Bus req.ID tbr58-061	Term name BII Usage An transaction instance must contain an identifier. The identifier enables positive referencing the document instance for various purposes including referencing between transactions that are part of the same process.
cbc:lssueDate	Occurence 1 1 Type cbc:lssueDateType Info req.ID tir58-002 Bus req.ID tbr58-061	Term name Response issue date BII Usage The date on which the transaction instance was issued.
cbc:lssueTime	Occurence 0 1 Type cbc:lssueTimeType Info req.ID tir58-003 Bus req.ID tbr58-061	Term name Response issue time BII Usage The time at which the transaction instance was issued.
cbc:Note	Occurence 0 unbounded Type cbc:NoteType Info req.ID tir58-004 Bus req.ID tbr58-060	Term name BII Usage Used to make any comments or instructions relevant to the response, including the date that the reported decision becomes effective.
cac:SenderParty	Occurence 1 1 Type cac:PartyType	
cbc:EndpointID	Occurence 0 1 Type cbc:EndpointIDType Info req.ID tir58-009 Bus req.ID tbr58-056	Term name Electronic address BII Usage A response may contain the party electronic address. The address can be of any format and the format should be identified in the message.
schemelD	Type xs:normalizedString Use optional	
cac:Partyldentification	Occurence 0 unbounded	









ment/Attribute	Description	Usage
	Type cac:PartyldentificationType	
Cbc:ID	Occurence 1 1 Type cbc:IDType Info req.ID tir58-008 Bus req.ID tbr58-056	Term name Party identifier BII Usage It should be possible to specify the identifier or identifiers for the party.
schemeID	Type xs:normalizedString Use optional	
cac:PartyName	Occurence 0 unbounded Type cac:PartyNameType	
L cbc:Name	Occurence 1 1 Type cbc:NameType Info req.ID tir58-007 Bus req.ID tbr58-056	Term name Party name BII Usage The name of the party sending the response.
_ cac:ReceiverParty	Occurence 1 1 Type cac:PartyType	
cbc:EndpointID	Occurence 0 1 Type cbc:EndpointIDType Info req.ID tir58-012 Bus req.ID tbr19-057	Term name Electronic address BII Usage A response may contain the party electronic address. The address can be of any format and the format should be identified in the message.
schemeID	Type xs:normalizedString Use optional	
cac:Partyldentification	Occurence 0 unbounded Type cac:PartyIdentificationType	
Cbc:ID	Occurence 1 1 Type cbc:IDType Info req.ID tir58-011 Bus req.ID tbr19-057	Term name Party identifier BII Usage It should be possible to specify the identifier or identifiers for the party.
schemeID	Type xs:normalizedString Use optional	
cac:PartyName	Occurence 0 unbounded Type cac:PartyNameType	
Cbc:Name	Occurence 1 1 Type cbc:NameType Info req.ID tir58-010 Bus req.ID tbr19-057	Term name Party name BII Usage The name of the party receiving the response.
_ cac:DocumentResponse	Occurence 0 unbounded Type cac:DocumentResponseType	
cac:Response	Occurence 1 1 Type cac:ResponseType	





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Element/Attribute	Description	Usage
cbc:ResponseCode	Occurence 0 1 Type cbc:ResponseCodeType Info req.ID tir58-014 Bus req.ID tbr58-053	Term name BII Usage A code decision A code for the description of the response to the transaction document. AP= Accepted, RE = Rejected, UN/Cefact 4343 Response type code
L listID	Type xs:normalizedString Use optional	
cac:DocumentReference	Occurence 1 unbounded Type cac:DocumentReferenceType	
cbc:ID	Occurence 1 1 Type cbc:IDType Info req.ID tir58-016 Bus req.ID tbr58-053	Term name Document identifier BII Usage Identifies the document being referred to.
schemeID	Type xs:normalizedString Use optional	
cbc:VersionID	Occurence 0 1 Type cbc:VersionIDType Info req.ID tir58-017 Bus req.ID tbr58-053	Term name Document version BII Usage The version of the document that has been identified with the document identifier.

